Chapter1 General Introduction	1
1.1 Function Features	1
1.2 Front Panel	2
1.3 Rear Panel	2
1.4 Keypad Function	3
1.5 Annunciators	4
1.6 Menu	4
1.6.1 Main Menu	4
1.6.2 Mode Selection and Parameter Setting Menu	5
1.6.3 Transient Operation Menu	6
1.6.4 List Operation Menu	6
1.7 Display Messages	6
1.8 Remote Programming	9
Chapter2 Functions and Features	10
2.1 Local and Remote Control	10
2.2 Main Functions:	10
2.3 Basic Test Functions	10
2.3.1 Constant Current Mode	11
2.3.1.1 Setting Ranges	11
2.3.1.2 Immediate Current Level	12
2.3.1.3 Triggered Current Level	12
2.3.1.4 Transient Current Level	12
2.3.1.5 Software Current Limit	12
2.3.2 Constant Voltage Mode (CV)	12
2.3.2.1 Setting Ranges	13
2.3.2.2 Immediate Voltage Level	13
2.3.2.3 Triggered Voltage Level	13
2.3.2.4 Transient Voltage Level	13
2.3.3 Constant Resistance Mode (CR)	13
2.3.3.1 Setting Ranges	14
2.3.3.2 Immediate Resistance Level	14
2.3.3.3 Triggered Resistance Level	14
2.3.3.4 Transient Resistance Level	15
2.3.4 Constant Power Mode (CP)	15
2.3.4.1 Setting Ranges	16
2.3.4.2 Immediate Power Level	16
2.3.4.3 Triggered Power Level	16
2.4 Transient Operation	17
2.4.1 Continuous Transient Operation	17
2.4.2 Pulsed Transient Operation	18
2.4.3 Toggled Transient Mode	20
2.5 List Operation	21
2.6 Battery Discharge Operation	22
2.7 Short Circuit Operation	23

	2.8 Triggered Operation	23
	2.9 Input Control	24
	2.9.1 Turning On/Off the Load	24
	2.9.2 Von Point/Von Latch	25
	2.9.3 Current Limit in CV Mode	26
	2.9.4 Current Rise Rate	26
	2.9.5 Current Fall Rate	26
	2.10 Measurement Function	27
	2.11 Saving and Recalling	27
	2.12 Reading Remote Programming Errors	28
	2.13 Status Report	29
	2.14 Protection Function	29
	2.14.1 Clearing Latched Protection	29
	2.14.2 Overvoltage	30
	2.14.3 Overcurrent	30
	2.14.4 Overpower	30
	2.14.5 Overtemperature	30
	2.14.6 Reverse Voltage	30
	2.15 Auxiliary Functions	
	2.15.1Trigger Function Selection	
	2.15.2 Knob Function	
	2.15.3 Key Sound	
Ch	napter3 Installation	
	3.1 Initial Check	
	3.2 Environment/Installation Location	31
	3.3 Power-On/ Self-Test	
	3.4 Connections on the Rear Panel	
	3.5 Connections on the Front Panel	
	3.6 Wiring	
Ch	napter 4 Local Operation	
	4.1 Local Control	
	4.2 Main Operation on the Front Panel	
	4.3 Connecting to the Power Supply	
	4.4 Turning the Input On/Off	
	4.5 Basic Operation	
	4.5.1 CC Mode	
	4.5.2 CV Mode	
	4.5. 3 CR Mode	
	4. 5. 4 CP Mode	
	4.6 Short Circuit Operation	
	4.7 Transient Operation	
	4.7.1 Continuous Transient Operation	
	4.7.2 Pulsed Transient Operation	
	4.7.3 Toggled Transient Operation	

4.8 List Operation	49
4.8.1 List Editing	50
4.8.2 Modifying, Adding, Inserting, Deleting the List	52
4.8.3 Starting/Stopping the List	54
4.9 Battery Discharge Operation	55
4.10 Saving and Recalling	56
4.11 Clearing Protection Settings	57
4.12 Error Messages	58
4.13 Triggered Operation	58
4.14 Main Menu	59
4.14.1 Loading Default Values	59
4.14.2 Short Circuit Operation	59
4.14.3 Von Point/Von Latch	60
4.14.4 Current Limit in CV Mode	60
4.14.5 Current Rise/Fall Rate in CC Mode	61
4.14.6 Trigger Function Selection	62
4.14.7 Knob Function	62
4.14.8 Key Sound	62
4.14.9 Communication Interface	63
Chapter5 Remote Programming Operation	64
5.1 Communication Interface	64
5.1.1 RS232	64
5.1.2 USB	64
5.1.3 GPIB	65
5.2 Flow Control Selection	65
5.3 Remote Control Annunciators	65
5.4 Sending a Remote Command	65
5.5 Returning Data	65
5.6 Remote Programming Commands	65
5.6.1 Modes	65
5.6.2 Transient Levels	66
5.6.3 Programmable Current Protection	66
5.8 CV Mode Examples	66
5.9 CR Mode Examples	66
5.10 Continuous Transient Operation Example	66
5.11 Pulsed Transient Operation Example	67
Specifications	67

Chapter1 General Introduction

ARRAY 372x Series programmable electronic load, as a new generation of product developed by ARRAY Electronic Co., Ltd., is designed with high performance. It provides you powerful test function, user-friendly HMI, as well as RS232, USB, GPIB interfaces to support SCPI and Labview. 372x Series is widely used in scientific research and production fields such as aerospace, shipbuilding, automotive electronics, solar cell, and fuel cell.

All "electronic load" and "load" appear in this manual refer to ARRAY 372x Series Electronic Load if there is no special explanation.

1.1 Function Features

Main functions and features of ARRAY372x Series:

- 4 basic test functions: CC,CV, CR, and CP; 8 basic operating modes: CCL, CCH, CV, CRL, CRM, CRH, CPV, CPC;
- The 24 bits A/D and 17 bits D/A converters incorporated, provide this equipment with greatly enhanced setting and measurement resolution. 100kHz D/A conversion rate fully improves high-speed performance;
- Minimum operating voltage is less than 0.6V at the load's full rated current (3720/3721).
 With optional low-voltage testing devices, the maximum current can be achieved even though the input voltage is 0V. This is especially suitable for fuel cell, solar cell and other new energy test applications;
- Perfect protection assures high reliability in the most complicated test environments;
- Innovative design of CPV and CPC modes effectively improves the practicability of CP mode;
- Circuit improvement greatly enhances the dynamic response of CR mode and widens the application scope of that mode;
- High-speed transient operation with a maximum test frequency of 50kHz:
- Powerful sequential test function; with a minimum step time of 10us; and a maximum step time of 10000s. Cyclic numbers can be adjusted freely and a sequence can be chained to another sequence to achieve even more complex test procedures;
- The input binding posts with their innovative design are especially suitable for large current testing;
- Provides short-circuit test, battery discharge test and other auxiliary functions;
- A high-efficiency, intelligent cooling system can effectively reduce system temperature and enhance power density;
- Automatic ON/OFF function simplifies test operation;
- Knobs and digital keypad makes the operation more convenient;
- Save/recall function can save multiple groups of general settings;
- Supports SCPI (Standard Commands for Programmable Instrumentation) and Labview, and provides necessary PC software;

1.2 Front Panel

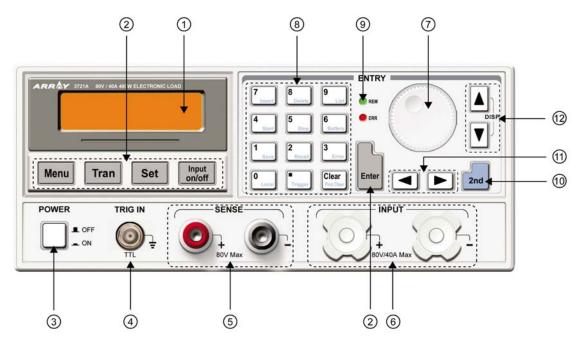


Fig. 1-1 Front Panel

①LCD ②Function key ③Power switch ④External trigger input terminal ⑤Remote sense terminal ⑥Input binding posts ⑦Knob ⑧Entry keys/secondary function keys ⑨Annuciators ⑩Switch key for secondary function ⑪Left&Right key ⑫Up & Down key/Display-switching key

1.3 Rear Panel

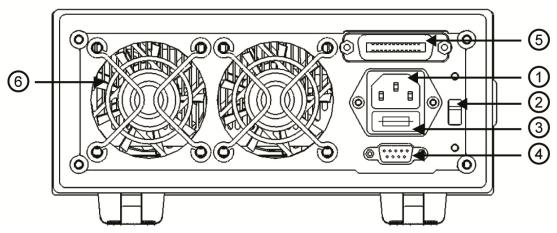


Fig1-2 Rear Panel

①AC input socket ②Line voltage switch ③Fuse holder ④RS232 Interface ⑤GPIB or USB (optional) ⑥ Air outlet

1.4 Keypad Function

There are three groups of keypads on the front panel: the Function Keys, the Entry Keys, which composite with secondary functions, and the Direction Keys. The secondary functions of the Entry

Keys are printed in blue. To use the secondary function, please press are key first, then press the relevant key.

List 1-1 Description for Keys

List I I I	List 1-1 Description for Keys		
0 Local	0/Local key		
1 Save	1/Save key		
2 Recall	2/Recall key		
3 Error	3/Error code display key		
4 Start	4/List start key		
5 Stop	5/List stop key		
6 Battery	6/Battery discharge operation key		
7 Insert	7/Insert key		
8 Delete	8/Delete key		
9 List	9/ List operation key		
Trigger	Decimal point/Trigger key		
Clear Prot Clear	Clear or exit /Clear protection		
Menu	Main Menu		
Tran	Transient operation menu		
Set	Set key		
Input on/off	Input on/off		
Enter	Confirm key		
	Left key		

	Right key
	Up key
	Down key
2nd	Switch key for secondary function

Note: Up and Down key can be used as a switch key for displaying load status and actual power during basic operating modes.

1.5 Annunciators

REM	Indicates that the electronic load is in remote status.
ERR	Indicates that a remote programming error has occurred.

1.6 **Menu**

1.6.1 Main Menu

Press Menu key to enter into main menu. Please see the list below for main menu content:

Function and Parameter	Description	
Load Default	Restore default	
Yes *No	Yes No	
Short	Short circuit mode	
On *Off	On Off	
Von Latch	Von latch	
On *Off	On Off	
Von Point	Set Von voltage point	
0.000v	Von point	
CV Curr Limit	Current limit in CV mode	
40.00A	Current limit	
Curr Rise Rate	Current rise rate in CC mode	
4.000A/us	Current rise rate	
Curr Fall Rate	Current fall rate in CC mode	
4.000A/us	Current fall rate	
Trig Function	Trigger function selection	
*Tran List	Transient test Sequence (list) test	
Knob	Enable/disable knob function	
*On Off	On Off	
Key Sound	Enable/disable key sound	
*On Off	On Off	
Interface	Remote interface selection	
*RS232 USB GPIB	RS232 USB GPIB	

RS232 Interface	Baud Rate 2400 4800 *9600 19200 38400	Baud rate setting 2400 4800 9600 19200 38400
	Parity Check *None Even Odd	Parity check setting None Even Odd
	Data Bit *8 7	Data bits length 8bits 7bits
	Stop Bit *1 2	Stop bit length 1bit 2bits
	Flow Control *On Off	Enable/disable Flow control On Off
USB Interface		USB selection
GPIB Interface	GPIB Address	GPIB address
	5	Address value

Note: Except knob, key sound and interface configurations, the other parameters in main menu will not be saved when the load is turned off. If it is needed to save the parameters, please use and

key + \(\frac{1}{\same} \) key or *sav command. When the load is turned on next time, the saved parameters in location 0 will be recalled automatically.

1.6.2 Mode Selection and Parameter Setting Menu

Press set key to enter into mode selection and parameter setting menu, which is shown as below:

Function and Parameter	Description
MODE: CCL	Constant current low range
CURR: 0.000A	Immediate current level
MODE: CCH	Constant current high range
CURR: 0.000A	Immediate current level
MODE: CV	Constant voltage mode
VOLT: 80.00V	Immediate voltage level
MODE: CRL	Constant resistance low range
RES: 2.000 Ω	Immediate resistance level
MODE: CRM	Constant resistance medium range
RES: 20.000 Ω	Immediate resistance level
MODE: CRH	Constant resistance high range
RES: 20.000 Ω	Immediate resistance level
MODE: CPV	Constant power-voltage source mode
POWR: 0.000W	Immediate power level
MODE: CPC	Constant power-current source mode
POWR: 0.000W	Immediate power level

1.6.3 Transient Operation Menu

Press Tran key in desired mode to enable its transient operation, and press key to enter into transient setting menu, which is shown as below:

Function	Description	Example
LevelL	Transient low level	1.000A
LevelH	Transient high level	2.000A
TimeL	Time for transient low level	600.00ms
TimeH	Time for transient high level	600.00ms
TimeR	Time for transient rising edge	0.01ms
TimeF	Time for transient falling edge	0.01ms
MODE	Continuous (Cont) Pulse (Puls) Toggle	Cont
	(Togg)	

Note: Transient operation may be used in CC, CV, and CR modes.

1.6.4 List Operation Menu

Press 2nd key + 9 key to enter into the list operation menu, which is shown as below:

Function	Description
No.	Select sequence (list) number
	(0-6)
Memo	Sequence memo (10
	characters)
Data: <new edit=""></new>	Create a new or edit an existing
	sequence
Count	Cycle times (1-65535)
Chain: Off	Sequence number to be
	chained with (0-6, off)

Press and keys in list operation menu to select Data: <New/Edit>, and select New or Edit with the knob or and keys. Then press the key to enter into sequence data editing

status, which is shown as below:

Function	Description
01. 10000.00000s	Sequence (List) number
CCH 5.000A	Time
	Mode Set value

1.7 Display Messages

① CC Mode:



The first line shows measured voltage and current levels. The second line shows current set level, CC mode (CCH indicates constant current high range; CCL indicates constant current low range) and input status of the load: (ON, OFF).

② CV Mode:



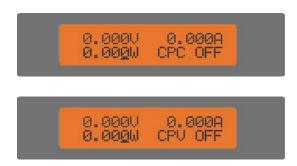
The first line shows measured voltage and current levels. The second line shows voltage set level, CV mode, and input status of the load: (ON, OFF).

③ CR Mode:



The first line shows measured voltage and current levels. The second line shows resistance level, CR mode (CRL indicates constant resistance low range; CRM indicates constant resistance medium range; and CRH indicates constant resistance high range) and input status of the load: (ON, OFF).

4 CP Mode:



The first line shows measured voltage and current levels. The second line shows power set level, CP mode (CPC indicates constant power-current source mode; CPV indicates constant power-voltage source mode), and input status of the load: (ON, OFF).

5 Transient Operation:



The first line shows measured voltage and current levels. The second line shows set level, transient operation mode (tCCH indicates high current mode transient operation; tCCL indicates low current mode transient operation; tCV indicates constant voltage mode transient operation; tCRL indicates low resistance mode transient operation; tCRM indicate medium resistance mode transient operation and tCRH indicates high resistance mode transient operation. "t" indicates transient operation), and input status of the load: (ON, OFF).

6 List Operation:



The first line shows measured voltage and current levels. The second line shows set level, sequence operation mode (LCCH indicates high current mode list operation; LCCL indicates low current mode list operation; LCRL indicates constant voltage mode list operation; LCRL indicates low resistance mode list operation; LCRM indicate medium resistance mode list operation and LCRH indicates high resistance mode list operation. "L" indicates list test; and input status of the load: (ON, OFF).

7 Battery Discharge Operation:



The first line shows measured voltage and current levels. The second line shows battery capacity and discharge time.

(8) Short Circuit Operation:



The first line shows measured voltage and current levels. The second line shows set level in short circuit (Take 3721A as an example, short circuit test current in CCL is 4.4A; short circuit test current in CCH is 44A; short circuit test voltage in CV is 0V; short circuit test resistance in CRL is $0.018\,\Omega$; short circuit test resistance in CRM is $1.8\,\Omega$; short circuit test resistance in CRH is $18\,\Omega$; short circuit test power in CPV is 420W; short circuit test power in CPC is 0W), short circuit operation mode (sCCL, sCCH, sCV, sCRL, sCRM, sCRH, sCPC, sCPV; "s" indicates short circuit test), and input status of the load (ON, OFF).

Display Actual Power:



Pressing A and W key can switch the display of load status and actual power. On the display screen of actual power, the first line shows actual voltage and current; the second line shows set level and actual power level.

(10) Protection Status

If the protection function is active, LCD will display corresponding protection status. For example: the display of reverse voltage protection status is shown as below:



Protection status includes overcurrent (OC), overvoltage (OV), overpower (OP), over temperature (OT), load protection (PT), and reverse voltage (RV).

1.8 Remote Programming

The commands are sent to electronic load via remote interface (RS232, GPIB, USB), and will be executed after decoding by the processor. If there is any error occurs to the command, the processor can detect the wrong command and error type, and it can maintain the status register as well.

Chapter2 Functions and Features

The functions and features of electronic load will be described in this chapter, which helps you to know ARRAY 372x Series better.

2.1 Local and Remote Control

ARRAY 372x Series electronic load can be controlled via the keypad and knobs in the front panel, or by remote controller via remote interface. If it is needed to control the load via the front panel, the load has to stay in local control status. Local (front panel) control is in effect immediately after power is applied. The REM annunciator is turned on,and remote control goes into effect as soon as the load receives a SYSTem:REMote command via RS232, USB or GPIB.

Under remote control status, all operations on front panel keypad and knobs become invalid (except $\frac{2nd}{key} + \frac{0}{key}$ key). All operations on electronic load are controlled by remote controller.

The electronic load will return to local control and REM remote control annunciator is turned off after receiving the return command(SYSTem:LOCal). Or you can return the electronic load to local control

Details of local operation are covered in *Chapter 4 "Local Operation"* and fundamentals of remote programming are given in *Chapter 5 "Remote Operation"*. Complete SCPI programming details are given in the *ARRAY 372x Series Electronic Load SCPI Programming Guide*.

2.2 Main Functions:

• CC(constant current) Mode: CCL, CCH

CV(constant voltage) Mode: CV

• CR(constant resistance) Mode: CRL, CRM, CRH

• CP(constant power) Mode: CPV, CPC

• Transient Operation: Tran

List Operation: LIST

Battery Discharge Operation: BATTERY

• Short Circuit Operation (Short)

2.3 Basic Test Functions

There are four basic test funcitons: constant current (CC), constant voltage (CV), constant resistance

(CR), constant power (CP) and eight basic operating modes: CCL, CCH, CV, CRL, CRM, CRH, CPV and CPC.

The operating mode and the associated parameters can be set via front panel or remote command. The load will remain in current mode until the mode is changed. If the mode is changed when the load's input is in ON status, the load will be turned off for around 5ms automatically.

The set value for electronic load becomes effective immediately when the load is turned on. If the input set value exceeds the allowed range, it will be automatically limited at maximum value or minimum value.

2.3.1 Constant Current Mode

Constant current mode has two ranges, the high range (CCH) and the low range (CCL). The high range provides wider test range. The low range provides better resolution at low current settings. In CC mode, the load will sink a constant current in accordance with the programmed value regardless of the change of input voltage (see Fig.2-1). Press set key in basic mode to enter into mode selection and parameter setting menu. Choose CCH or CCL mode with and keys. Input the current level via the Entry keys or the knob with and keys. Use the key for confirmation. The CC mode and parameters can also be set via remote command (MODE CCL, MODE CCH, CURRent <NRf+>).

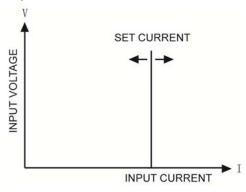


Fig.2-1 CC Mode

2.3.1.1 Setting Ranges

The setting ranges for different models of load are listed as follows:

	Model	3720A	3721A	3722A	3723A	3724A
Mode	CCL	0~3A	0~40A	0~2A	0~3A	0~2A
Mode	ССН	0~30A	0~40A	0~20A	0~30A	0~20A

If the range is changed in CC mode while the load's input stays in ON status, the load will be turned off for around 5ms automatically. For example: when the load is switched from CCL to CCH, the input will be turned off around 5ms. Besides, it is noted that the current set level may change with the current level to fit the new range. Take 3721A as an example, the present setting is CCH 10.000A, when the load is switched from CCH to CCL, the current set level will change to the maximum level 4.0000A for CCL.

2.3.1.2 Immediate Current Level

The immediate current level refers to the current set value in CC mode, which can be programmed via mode selection and parameter setting menu, or via remote command (CRRRent <NRf+>). The immediate current level can also be modified directly with left/right keys () and the knob.

2.3.1.3 Triggered Current Level

The triggered current level refers to the preset current value, which can become immediate current level automatically when a trigger is received. If the CC mode and the input are enabled, the input will be updated immediately when a trigger occurs. If the CC mode is not active, this current level will have no effect on the input until the CC mode becomes active.

The triggered current level only can be set via remote command (CURRent:TRIGgered <NRf+>). Once a current level is triggered, subsequent triggers will become invalid until another (CURRent:TRIGgered <NRf+>) command is received. The trigger operation will be described in later chapter. The status register of the electronic load can keep track of pending triggers and other operating conditions, which will be described in details in the "ARRAY 372x Series Electronic Load SCPI Programming Guide".

2.3.1.4 Transient Current Level

The load will switch between the transient high current level (LevelH) and transient low current level (LevelL) when the transient operation is enabled. The transient current level can be set in transient operation menu from the front panel, or via remote command (CURRent:HIGH <NRf+>, CURRent:LOW <NRf+>).

2.3.1.5 Software Current Limit

The electronic load allows the user to set a current limit (the current range is the same as that in CCH mode) via remote command. The load will be turned off with beeping alarms if the current limit is exceeded beyond a programmable time delay (0.001-60s). Please note that the software current limit is in effect for any mode of operation. Remote commands are listed as follows:

CURRent:PROTection <NRf+>

CURRent:PROTection:DELay <NRf+>

2.3.2 Constant Voltage Mode (CV)

In CV mode, the load will attempt to sink enough current to control the source voltage to the programmed constant value regardless of the change of input current. (see Fig.2-2). Press set key in basic mode to enter into mode selection and parameter setting menu. Choose CV mode with and keys. Input the voltage value via the Entry keys or the knob with and keys. Use for confirmation. The CV mode and parameters can also be set via remote command (MODE CV, VOLTage <NRf+>).

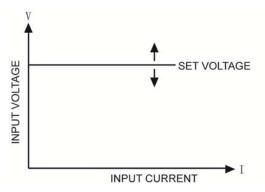


Fig.2-2 CV Mode

2.3.2.1 Setting Ranges

The voltage setting ranges for different models of load are listed as follows:

Model	3720A	3721A	3722A	3723A	3724A
Voltage	0~80V	0~80V	0~200V	0~200V	0~500V

2.3.2.2 Immediate Voltage Level

The immediate voltage level refers to the voltage set value in CV mode, which can be set via mode selection and parameter setting menu, or via remote command (VOLTage <NRf+>). The immediate current level can also be modified directly with left/right keys () and the knob in CV mode.

2.3.2.3 Triggered Voltage Level

The triggered voltage level refers to the preset voltage value, which can become immediate voltage level automatically when a trigger is received. If the CV mode and the input are enabled, the input will be updated immediately when a trigger occurs. If the CV mode is not active, this voltage level will have no effect on the input until the CV mode is active.

The triggered voltage level only can be set via remote command (VOLTage:TRIGgered <NRf+>). Once a voltage level is triggered, subsequent triggers will become invalid until another (VOLTage:TRIGgered <NRf+>) command is received. The trigger operation will be described in later chapter. The status register of the electronic load can keep track of pending triggers and other operating conditions. which will be described in details in the "ARRAY 372x Series Electronic Load SCPI Programming Guide".

2.3.2.4 Transient Voltage Level

The load will switch between the transient high voltage level (LevelH) and transient low voltage level (LevelL) when the transient operation is enabled. The transient voltage level can be set in transient operation menu from the front panel, or via remote command (VOLTage:HIGH <NRf+>), VOLTage:LOW<NRf+>).

2.3.3 Constant Resistance Mode (CR)

Constant resistance mode has three ranges: the low range (CRL), the medium range (CRM), and the high range (CRH). In CR mode, the load is equivalent to a constant resistance and will sink a current linearly proportional to the input voltage in accordance with the programmed resistance to make

I=U/R (see Fig.2-3). Press set key in basic mode to enter into mode selection and parameter setting menu. Choose CR mode with and keys. Input the resistance value via the Entry keys or the knob with and keys. Use the key for confirmation. The CR mode and parameters can also be set via remote command (MODE CRL, MODE CRM, MODE CRH, RESistance <NRf+>).

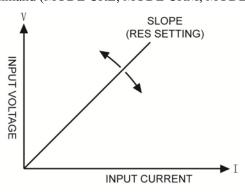


Fig.2-3 CR Mode

2.3.3.1 Setting Ranges

The setting ranges for different models of load are listed as follows:

	Model	3720A	3721A	3722A	3723A	3724A
	CRL	0.02~2 Ω	0.02~2 Ω	0.0666~6.66 Ω	0.0666~6.66 Ω	0.125~12.5 Ω
Mode	CRM	2~200 Ω	2~200 Ω	6.66~666 Ω	6.66~666 Ω	12.5~1250 Ω
	CRH	20~200 Ω	20~200 Ω	66.6~6660 Ω	66.6~6660 Ω	125~12500 Ω

If the range is changed in CR mode while the load's input stays in ON status, the load will be turned off for around 5ms automatically. For example: when the load is switched from CRL to CRH, the input will be turned off around 5ms. Besides, it is noted that the resistance set level may change with the resistance range to fit the new range. Take 3721A for example, the present setting is CRM $10.000\,\Omega$, when the load is switched from CRM to CRL, the resistance set level will change to the maximum level $2.0000\,\Omega$ for CRL.

2.3.3.2 Immediate Resistance Level

The immediate resistance level refers to the resistance set value in CR mode, which can be set via mode selection and parameter setting menu, or via remote command (RESistance <NRf+>). The immediate resistance level can also be modified directly with left/right keys () and the knob in CR mode.

2.3.3.3 Triggered Resistance Level

The triggered resistance level refers to the preset resistance value, which can become immediate resistance level automatically when a trigger is received. If the CR mode and the input are enabled, the input will be updated immediately when a trigger occurs. If the CR mode is not active, this resistance

level will have no effect on the input until the CR mode becomes active.

The triggered resistance level only can be set via remote command (RESistance:TRIGgered <NRf+>). Once a resistance level is triggered, subsequent triggers will become invalid until another (RESistance:TRIGgered <NRf+>) command is received. The trigger operation will be described in later chapter. The status register of the electronic load can keep track of pending triggers and other operating conditions, which will be described in details in the "ARRAY 372x Series Electronic Load SCPI Programming Guide".

2.3.3.4 Transient Resistance Level

The load will switch between the transient high resistance level (LevelH) and transient low resistance level (LevelL) when the transient operation is enabled. The transient resistance level can be set in transient operation menu from the front panel, or via remote command (RESistance:HIGH<NRf+>, RESistance:LOW <NRf+>).

2.3.4 Constant Power Mode (CP)

There are two sorts of constant power modes, the Constant Power-Voltage Source mode (CPV) and the Constant Power-Current Source mode (CPC). The CPV mode is applied to voltage source test, and the CPC mode is applied to current source test. In CP mode, the load consumes the constant power in accordance with the programmed value regardless of the changes of external current and voltage (see Fig.2-4). Press set key to enter into mode selection and parameter setting menu. Choose CPV or CPC mode with and keys. Input the power value via Entry keys or the knob with and keys. Use for confirmation. The CP mode and parameters can also be set via remote command (MODE CPV, MODE CPC, POWer <NRf+>).

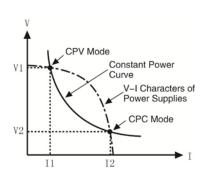


Fig.2-4 CP Mode

Figure 2~5 are the current-voltage curves for several common power supplies. The constant power curve is a hyperbola in the first quadrant. The constant power curve usually intersects with current-voltage curve at two points (the CPV point and the CPC point) when the power of the external power supply is larger than the set power. At the CPV point, the power supply shows the feature of voltage source: the output power will be increased with increasing current; at the CPC point, the power supply shows the feature of current source: the output power will be increased with increasing voltage. Array 372x series electronic load can be set at any one of intersection points to operate by the user.

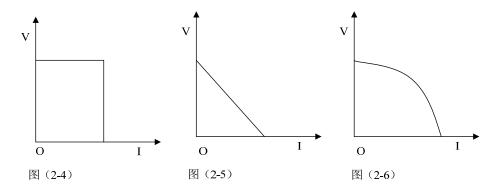


Fig. 2-5 Current-voltage Curve for Normal Power Supply

As adopting advanced slope detection method, Array 372x Series electronic load only need to test a part of the current-voltage curve to know whether the two curves (constant power curve and current-voltage curve) intersect. Therefore, when the set power is larger than the actual power, the external power supply will not be short-circuited by the load for the insufficient power. When the load detects that the power of the external power supply is insufficient, it will try to find constant power point automatically till the set power is met.

2.3.4.1 Setting Ranges

The setting ranges for different models of load are listed as follows:

Model	3720A	3721A	3722A	3723A	3724A
Power	0~250W	0~400W	0~200W	0~350W	0~250W

2.3.4.2 Immediate Power Level

The immediate power level refers to the power set value in CP mode, which can be set via mode selection and parameter setting menu, or via remote command (POWer <NRf+>). The immediate resistance level can also be modified directly with left/right keys () and the knob.

2.3.4.3 Triggered Power Level

The triggered power level refers to the preset power value, which can become immediate power level automatically when a trigger is received. If the CP mode and the input are enabled, the input will be updated immediately when a trigger occurs. If the CP mode is not active, this power level will have no effect on the input until the CP mode becomes active.

The triggered power level only can be set via remote command (POWer:TRIGgered <NRf+>). Once a power level is triggered, subsequent triggers will become invalid until another (POWer:TRIGgered <NRf+>) command is received. The trigger operation will be described in later chapter. The status register of the electronic load can keep track of pending triggers and other operating conditions, which will be described in details in the "ARRAY 372x Series Electronic Load SCPI Programming Guide".

2.4 Transient Operation

When the transient operation is enabled, the load periodically switch between two levels (LevelH and LevelL), which can be applied to test the dynamic characteristics of the power supply. The transient operation can be executed in the CC, CV and CR modes, and has three operating statuses: Continuous, Pulsed, and Toggled. Please make sure the List Operation has been disabled before enabling transient operation.

The parameters associated with transient operation are: low level (LevelL), high level (LevelH), low level time (TimeL), high level time (TimeH), time for rising edge (TimeR), time for falling edge (TimeF), and operating mode.

Transient high/low level and corresponding CC, CV and CR modes share the same setting ranges. The range for high/low level time is $0 \sim 655.35$ ms; the range for rising/falling edge time is 10us ~ 655.35 ms; the time resolution is 10us, and the maximum test frequency is 50kHz.

Transient test can be turned on and off via Tran key at the front panel or via remote command (TRANsient ON/OFF). Before you turn on transient test, you should set the load to the operating mode that needs transient test.

Note: In transient test, the Von point and current limit should be taken into consideration, which may cause the shut down of the input, thus interrupt the transient test.

2.4.1 Continuous Transient Operation

In continuous operation, the load periodically switches between high/low levels, and this operation is not affected by the trigger signal The relevant parameters such as low level (LevelL), high level (LevelH), low level time (TimeL), high level time (TimeH), time for rising edge (TimeR), time for falling edge (TimeF), and continuous transient operation can be set through transient operation menu or via remote command (CURRent:LLEVel <NRf+>, CURRent:HLEVel <NRf+>, VOLTage:LLEVel < NRf+>, VOLTage:HLEVel < NRf+>RESistance:LLEVel < NRf+>, RESistance: HLEVel <NRf+>, TRANsient:LTIMe <NRf+>, TRANsient:HTIMe < NRf+>TRANsient:RTIMe <NRf+>, TRANsient:FTIMe <NRf+>, TRANsient:MODE CONTinuous).

For example: assume that the CCH range is active, and the input is in OFF status, then the transient parameters should be set as follows:

Press Tran key to enter into transient operation;

Press set key to open transient operation menu;

Set the following parameters in transient operation menu:

LevelL: 5.000A LevelH: 10.000A TimeL: 0.50ms TimeH: 0.50ms TimeR: 0.20ms TimeF: 0.20ms Mode: Cont Then press Input on the input;

Or via remote command to set:

SCPI Command	Description
--------------	-------------

TRAN ON Enables transient operation

CURR:LOW 5 Sets transient current low level to 5A
CURR:HLGH 10 Sets transient current high level to 10A
TRAN:LTIM 500us Sets transient low level time to 500us
TRAN:HTIM 500us Sets transient high level time to 500us

TRAN:RTIM 200us Sets the time for transient rising edge to 200us TRAN:FTIM 200us Sets the time for transient falling edge to 200us

TRAN:MODE CONT Selects continuous operation

INPUT ON Turns on the input

Figure 2-6 shows the current waveform of the load: the load's input current reaches the transient high level (10A) after 200us duration of rising edge, and remains at 10A for 500us. Then after 200us duration of falling edge, the input current reaches the transient low level (5A), and remains at 5A for 500us. Repeat it in cycles.

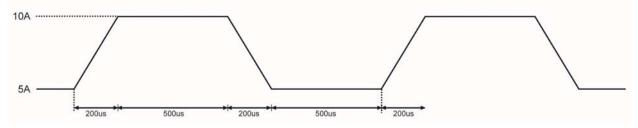


Fig. 2-6 Continuous Transient Operation

2.4.2 Pulsed Transient Operation

The trigger function is required for pulsed transient operation. When there is no trigger occurs, the load remains at the transient low level. After a trigger has been received, a pulse with three stages, namely rising edge, transient high level, and falling edge, will appear, then the load returns to the transient low level again. The associated parameters such as transient low level (LevelL), transient high level (LevelH), high level time (TimeH), time for rising edge (TimeR), time for falling edge (TimeF), and pulsed transient mode can be set through transient operation menu or via remote command (CURRent:LOW <NRf+>, CURRent:HIGH <NRf+>, VOLTage:LOW < NRf+>VOLTage:HIGH < NRf+>, RESistance:LOW < NRf+>, RESistance:HIGH < NRf+>, TRANsient:HTIMe < NRf+>TRANsient:RTIMe < NRf+>, TRANsient:FTIMe < NRf+>TRANsient: MODE PULSe, TRANsient ON | OFF).

In order to get a pulse, an explicit trigger is required. The trigger can be an external trigger signal received via the TRIG input on the front panel, pressing the 2nd key + 1 key, or ,the remote

command (*TRG/.TRIGger). The trigger becomes effective only when the load remains at transient low level. Each trigger leads to one pulse. In the duration of rising edge, transient high level, and falling edge, any trigger will be ignored.

For example: assume that the CCH range is active, and the input is in OFF status, then the transient parameters should be set as follows:

Press **Tran** key to enter into transient operation;

Press Set key to open transient operation menu;

Set the following parameters in transient operation menu:

LevelL: 5.000A
LevelH: 10.000A
TimeL: 0.50ms
TimeH: 0.50ms
TimeR: 0.10ms
TimeF: 0.10ms
Mode: Puls

Then press Input on the input;

Send the command to the load:INIT

Or via remote command to set:

SCPI Command Description

TRIG:SOUR EXT Selects the external trigger input
TRAN ON Enables transient operation

CURR:LOW 5 Sets transient current low level to 5A
CURR:HIGH 10 Sets transient current high level to 10A
TRAN:HTIM 500us Sets transient high level time to 500us

TRAN:RTIM 100us Sets the time for transient rising edge to 100us TRAN:FTIM 200us Sets the time for transient falling edge to 200us

TRAN:MODE PULS Sets pulse trigger operating mode

INPUT ON Turns on the input INIT Initialize the trigger

Get the trigger by receiving an external trigger signal. Figure 2-7 shows the current waveform of the load before it is triggered and after it has been triggered respectively: the electronic load starts its operation at the transient low level (5A) when the input is turned on. For each trigger, the load current reaches the high level (10A) after 100us duration of rising edge, and remains at 10A for 500us. Then after 200us duration of falling edge, the current returns to the transient low level (5A).

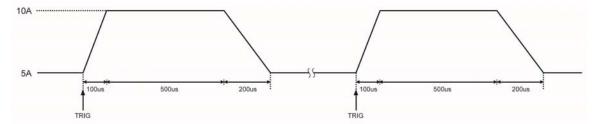


Fig. 2-7 Pulsed Transient Operation

2.4.3 Toggled Transient Mode

The trigger function is required for toggled transient operation. When there is no trigger occurs, the load remains at a transient level. After a trigger has been received, a toggle operation will be executed, and another transient level will be reached after the duration of rising edge or falling edge. The associated parameters such as transient low level (LevelL), transient high level (LevelH), time for rising edge (TimeR), time for falling edge (TimeF), and toggled transient mode can be set through transient operation menu or via remote command (CURRent:LOW <NRf+>, CURRent:HIGH <NRf+>, VOLTage:LOW <NRf+>, VOLTage:HIGH <NRf+>, RESistance:LOW <NRf+>, RESistance:LOW <NRf+>, TRANsient:RTIMe <NRf+>, TRANsient:FTIMe <NRf+>, TRANsient:FTIMe <NRf+>, TRANsient:FTIMe <NRf+>,

The trigger can be an external trigger signal received via the TRIG input on the front panel, pressing the 2nd key + wey, or the remote command (*TRG/TRIGger).

For example: assume that the CCH range is active, and the input is in OFF status, then the transient parameters should be set as follows:

Press key to enter into transient operation;

Press Set key to open transient operation menu;

Set the following parameters in transient operation menu:

LevelL: 5.000A
LevelH: 10.000A
TimeL: 0.50ms
TimeH: 0.50ms
TimeR: 0.10ms
TimeF: 0.20ms
Mode: Togg

Then press [Input] key to turn on the input;

Send the command to the load:INIT

Or via remote command to set:

SCPI Command Description

TRIG:SOUR EXT Selects the external trigger input TRAN ON Enables transient operation

CURR:LOW 5 Sets transient current low level to 5A CURR:HIGH 10 Sets transient current high level to 10A

TRAN:RTIM 100us Sets the time for transient rising edge to 100us TRAN:FTIM 200us Sets the time for transient falling edge to 200us

TRAN:MODE TOGG Selects toggled operating mode

INPUT ON Turns on the input INIT Initialize the trigger

Get the trigger by receiving an external trigger signal. Figure 2-8 shows the current waveform of the load before it is triggered and after it has been triggered respectively: the electronic load starts its operation at the transient low level (5A) when the input is turned on. For the first trigger, the load current reaches and remains at the high level (10A) after 100us duration of rising edge. When the second trigger is received, the load current will reach and remain at the low level (5A) after 200us duration of falling edge. Each trigger leads to one toggle operation.

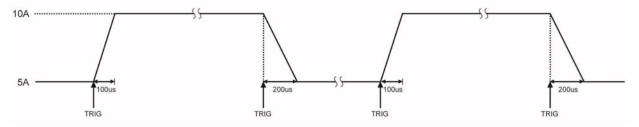


Fig. 2-8 Toggled Transient Operation

2.5 List Operation

Besides Transient operation, the electronic load provides more flexible list operation, which can make the load operate according to the preset sequence.

The list operation allows you to program a series of sequence steps, and the operation mode, the load values, the duration time for each step can be set. The sequence operation can be executed in the CC, CV, and CR modes. The minimum duration for each step is 10us, and the maximum one is 99999.99999s (around 27.78 hours). The list operation allows to be executed cyclically, and the cycle times can be set; the different list can be chained so that when one list has been executed, the another chained list will be enabled, which further perfects the capability of the list test to implement more complicated test task. Each list can contain 50 steps at most, and the load can store 7 lists.

The associated parameters of list operation can be edited and set through list operation menu or via remote command. The load provides convenient list editing function. When the user is operating input/edit sequence step, it is easy to check the previous and subsequent steps, and it is allowed to be edited, inserted, and deleted immediately, which simplifies the list input operation effectively.

The set value of each step will be automatically saved when exiting from step edit menu, and the other list parameters will be saved immediately after been edited.

The list operation also can be implemented via the remote command.

Please make sure the transient operation has been disabled before enabling list operation. In list operation, if the operation mode for next step is different from the present step, the load will automatically have a 5ms-delay after the present step is over to avoid the probable current surge. The load's input will be turned off during this 5ms-delay.

Figure 2-9 is a list running diagram for 5 steps. See Chapter 4 for detailed information about programming lists from the front panel.

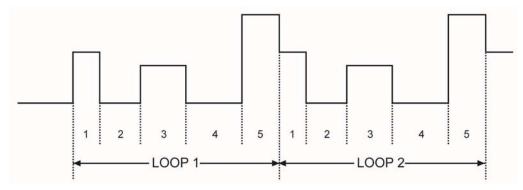


Fig. 2-9 List Operation

Note: In list operation, the Von point and current limit level should be taken into consideration, which may cause the shut down of the input, thus interrupt the list operation.

2.6 Battery Discharge Operation

The electronic load adopts constant current discharge to test battery capacity. The discharge current and cut-off voltage can be self-defined. When the battery voltage decreases to the cut-off voltage, the battery discharge test will stop automatically. The test procedure is shown as figure 2-10. The load can real-time display battery voltage, discharge current, discharge time, and discharge capacity during the test. The maximum battery discharge time is 99hours 99minutes 99 seconds, and the maximum battery capacity for different models is listed as follows:

Model	3720A	3721A	3722A	3723A	3724A
Capacity	3000Ah	4000Ah	2000Ah	3000Ah	2000Ah

.

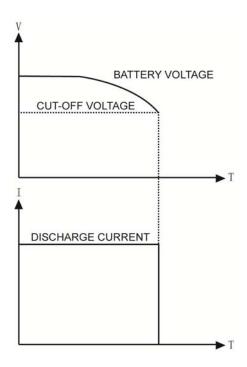


Fig. 2-10 Voltage/Current Curve Chart in Battery Discharge Operation

2.7 Short Circuit Operation

The electronic load can simulate a short circuit to test the protection performance of the tested device. The short circuit operation can be enabled and disabled by setting in the main menu, or via the remote command (INPut:SHORt ON/OFF). The other set values will not be changed when the short circuit operation is enabled. The short-circuit value depends on the present operating mode of the load, and the short-circuit value for each model is shown as follows:

	Model	3720A	3721A	3722A	3723A	3724A
	CCL	3.3A	4.4A	2.2A	3.3A	2.2A
	ССН	33A	44A	22A	33A	22A
	CV	0V	0V	0V	0V	0V
Mada	CRL	0.018Ω	0.018Ω	0.06Ω	0.06Ω	0.12 Ω
Mode	CRM	1.8 Ω	1.8 Ω	6 Ω	6 Ω	12 Ω
	CRH	18 Ω	18 Ω	60 Ω	60Ω	120 Ω
	CPV	270W	420W	220W	370W	270W
	CPC	0W	0W	0W	0W	0W

Note: in short circuit operation, the Von point and current limit level should be taken into consideration, which may cause the shut down of the input, thus interrupt the short circuit operation.

2.8 Triggered Operation

The triggered operation is mainly used to make the load keep synchronized with other test equipments or events. Array 372x Series electronic load provides various triggering modes, which can be applied to the following occasions:

Triggering a preset level

Transfer all pending preset levels to the immediate levels. For the presently active mode, the new level will appear at the input at once if the input is turned on. For the modes which are not presently active, the preset levels will not take effect at the input until the corresponding mode becomes active.

• Triggering a transient pulse

Gernerate a transient pulse in accordance with the preset transient parameters, when pulsed transient operation is active.

• Triggering a transient toggle

Switch the input between the transient low level and transient high level in accordance with the preset transient parameters, when the toggled transient operation is active.

• Triggering a list test

Enable the present list test when the list operation is active.

Three triggering methods are available for remote control: GPIB <GET> signal, the *TRG and TRIGger commands. The External trigger input terminal and key + key on the front panel of the load can be used to trigger as well.

The load has three triggering modes: BUS, EXTernal, and HOLD.

- The BUS mode: the trigger source is GPIB <GET> signal, or *TRG command.
- The EXTernal mode: Choose the External trigger input terminal or key + trigger key on the front panel as the trigger source. The input signal at the External trigger input terminal is TTL, the falling edge (signal) is triggered..
- The HOLD mode: Use TRIGger:IMMediate command as the trigger source. At this time, all other triggering methods including *TRG become invalid.

Note: The TRIGger:IMMediate command can be used in all three triggering modes. The triggering modes can be selected via the remote command only (TRIGger:SOURce BUS; TRIGger:SOURce EXTernal; TRIGger:SOURce HOLD).

2.9 Input Control

2.9.1 Turning On/Off the Load

The input can be turned on/off by pressing for long key, or via the remote command (INPUT ON/OFF). If the load's input stays in OFF status, press for long key to turn on the input; if the load's input stays in ON status, press for long key to turn off the input. Turning the input on/off (zero current) does not affect the programmed settings.

In local control, if the input is turned on, the load status can not be switched directly among the basic modes, transient operation, list operation, battery discharge operation, etc. The load can be switched from one operation status to another operation status only when the input is turned off.

2.9.2 Von Point/Von Latch

When the external input voltage is less than the Von Point, the load will not be enabled even though the input has been turned on. The load will be enabled till the external input voltage reaches or exceeds the Von Point.

Von Latch is used to latch the active status of the load. If the Von Latch function is enabled, once the input voltage reaches Von Point, the input will be turned on, and stay in ON status regardless of the changes from the external input voltage, even though the input voltage is less than the Von point. Please see figure 2-11; if the Von Latch function is disabled, once the input voltage reaches Von Point, the input will be turned on automatically, and once the input voltage is less than the Von Point, the input will be automatically turned off. Please see figure 2-12. The automatical turning on /off of the input can be implemented via setting the Von Point and Von Latch, which simplifies test operation greatly.

The Von Voltage can be set in main menu, or via the remote command (INPut:LATCh:VOLTage <NRf+>).

The Von Latch can be set in main menu, or via the remote command (INPut:LATCh ON | OFF).

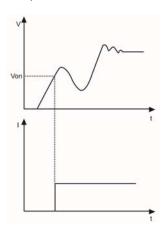


Fig. 2-11 Von Latch Is Enabled

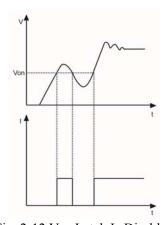


Fig. 2-12 Von Latch Is Disabled

Note: If the load is unable to operate normally, please check the setting of Von Point.

2.9.3 Current Limit in CV Mode

The CV Curr Limit is used to limit the maximum input current in CV mode. If the voltage is still larger than the set level while the current limit has been reached, the load will switch to the CC mode. Please see figure 2-13. The input will not be turned off in the CV current limit, which is different from the software current limit.

The CV Curr Limit can be set in main menu, or via the remote command (INPut:LIMit:CURRent <NRf+>).

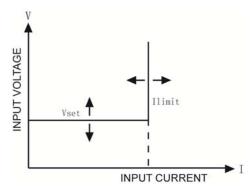


Fig.2-13 CV Curr Limit

2.9.4 Current Rise Rate

The Current Rise Rate is used to set the current rise rate in CC mode. It can be set in main menu, or via the remote command (CURRent:RISE:RATE <NRf+>).

If the current rise rate is 0.1A/us, and the current set level is 20A, then the current rise rate is shown as below when the input is turned on:

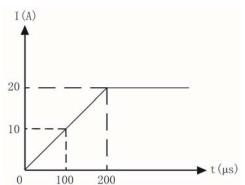


Fig.2-14 Current Rise Rate

Note: The Current Rise Rate can be effective only in CCH and CCL, and the actual rise rate is one tenth of the set level in CCL.

2.9.5 Current Fall Rate

The Current Fall Rate is used to set the current fall rate in CC mode. It can be set in main menu, or via the remote command (CURRent:FALL:RATE <NRf+>).

If the current fall rate is 0.1A/us, and the current set level is 20A, then the current rise rate is shown as below when the input is turned off:

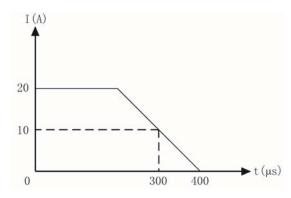


Fig.2-15 Current Fall Rate

Note: The Curr Fall Rate can be effective only in CCH and CCL mode, and the actual rise rate is one tenth of the set level in CCL.

2.10 Measurement Function

The electronic load has measurement system with high resolution. The input current level and voltage level can be measured in real time. The input power level and resistance level can be computed with the input voltage level and current level. Each measured value can be checked through LCD display or via the remote command (MEASure:VOLTage?, MEASure:CURRent?, MEASure:RESistance?, MEASure:POWer?).

2.11 Saving and Recalling

The electronic load is provided with an EEPROM memory, which can save various parameters, such as modes, input status, current, voltage, resistance, transient settings, limits, etc. 372x Series electronic load can save 10 groups of parameters. All parameters relevant to saving and recalling operation are listed in List 2-1 (Take 3721A as an example.).

List 2-1

Function	Effect	Default
Input	Input status	Off
Mode	Operation mode	ССН
Current level	Immediate current level	0A
Current rise rate	Current rise rate	4A/us
Current fall rate	Current fall rate	4A/us
Current Hlevel	Transient current high	0A
	level	
Current Llevel	Transient current low level	0A
*Current protection level	Current limit	40A
*Current protection delay	Current protection delay	60s
*Current protection State	Enable/disable current	off
	protection	
Voltage level	Immediate voltage level	80v

CV current limit	Current limit in CV mode	40A
Voltage Hlevel	Transient high voltage	80v
	level	
Voltage Llevel	Transient voltage low level	80v
Resistance level	Immediate resistance level	2000 Ω
Resistance Hlevel	Transient high resistance	2000 Ω
	high level	
Resistance Llevel	Transient resistance low	2000 Ω
	level	
Power level	Immediate power level	0W
Transient operation	Transient test	off
Transient mode	Transient mode	continuous
Transient Htime	Time for transient high	0ms
	level	
Transient Ltime	Time for transient low	0ms
	level	
Transient Rtime	Time for transient rising	0.01ms
	edge	
Transient Ftime	Time for transient falling	0.01ms
	edge	
Trigger Function	Trigger function selection	Tran
*Trigger source	Trigger source	external
Battery Mode	Battery discharge	off
	operation	
Battery mini voltage	Battery minimum	0V
	termination voltage	
Battery discharge current	Battery discharge current	0A
Voltage on	Von point for the load	0V
Voltage on Latch	Latch the Von point	Off

^{*} indicates it only can be programmed in the remote control.

The 10 groups of parameters stored in Location 0~9 can be saved and recalled by pressing 15000

key + $\frac{2}{\text{Recall}}$ key and $\frac{2\text{nd}}{\text{key}}$ key, or via the remote command (*SAV < NRl > and *RCL < NRl >).

The parameter saved in Location 0 will be recalled automatically every time the load is turned on.

2.12 Reading Remote Programming Errors

The Err annunciator will be turned on when remote programming errors occur. The error codes are shown as followings:

- -lxx Command errors
- -2xx Execution errors
- -3xx Device-specific errors
- -4xx Query errors

Remote programming errors can be checked by pressing key after pressing and key on the front panel. The remote command (SYSTem:ERRor?) can reads back the error codes and error messages when it is in remote control.

All errors are saved in one error queue. The errors in this error queue are read in the order in which they occurred. At most 20 error messages can be saved in the error queue. If the errors exceed 20, the last error in the error queue will be replaced with -350, "Too many errors". The load will not save any additional error message, unless you clear or read errors from the queue. Once the error message is read, it will be cleared in the error queue.

2.13 Status Report

The electronic load incorporates a status reporting register. Various status conditions of the load can be reported by querying the status register. The user can make sure which event has been reported through setting the enable register, which will be introduced in details in "ARRAY 372x Series Electronic Load SCPI Programming Guide".

2.14 Protection Function

The electronic load is equipped with the following protection functions:

- Overvoltage (OV)
- Overcurrent (OC)
- Overpower (OP)
- Overtemperature (OT)
- Reverse Voltage (RV)

Once any of the above protection function is active, the corresponding status bit in the status will be set; the input will be turned off with beeps; the detected conditions will be displayed; the load will enter into the latched protection status, and will not respond to other commands except some specific operations. For example: if an overtemperature conditions has been detected, the input will be turned off with beeps, and OT will be shown in the lower right corner of the display. The load will have no response to other operations.

2.14.1 Clearing Latched Protection

When the load enters into the latched protection status, it will have no response to other commands. The load will return to the normal operation only when the latched protection has been reset via pressing and key + we will be remote command (INPut:PROTection:CLEar). Of course, the condition that cause the latched protection must be removed, or it will be latched again as soon as it is reset.

In addition, when the software overcurrent protection is enabled, if the overcurrent time does not exceed the specified protection time, the load will display PT to indicate, but the input will not be turned off. At this time, you can reset the overcurrent time with and key + wey or the remote command (INPut:PROTection:CLEar).

2.14.2 Overvoltage

The overvoltage protection level is set at a predetermined voltage, which cannot be changed by the user. When the input voltage exceeds this predetermined voltage, the overvoltage protection will be enabled, and the input is turned off with OV displayed, meanwhile, the OV and VF status register bits are set, and will remain set until they are reset and overvoltage condition is removed.

2.14.3 Overcurrent

The electronic load allows the user to define a current protection limit. When the defined current limit is exceeded, the overcurrent timer starts timing, and the display will show PT to indicate protection status, but the input will not be turned off immediately. When the specified delay time is reached, the overcurrent protection will be enabled and the input is turned off with OC displayed, meanwhile, the OC and PS status register bits are set, and will remain set until they are reset and overcurrent condition is removed. The current protection limit function can only be set via the remote command.

SCIP Command Description

CURRent:PROTection:STATe ON/OFF

Turns on/off the current protection limit function

CURRent:PROTection<NRf+> Sets the current limit level

CURRent:PROTection:DELay < NRf+> Sets the delay time to turn off the input

2.14.4 Overpower

The electronic load includes both hardware and software overpower protection functions.

Once the input power exceeds the maximum rated power, the hardware power-limit circuit will be enabled immediately to limit the input power within the allowed range, in the meantime, the load will compute the present actual power.

No matter the hardware power-limit circuit is enabled, or use software to compute, the overpower protection will become active as long as the overpower time exceeds the specified limit. When the overpower protection is enabled, the input will be turned off with OP displayed, meanwhile, the OP and PS status register bits are set, and will remain set until they are reset and overpower condition is removed.

2.14.5 Overtemperature

If the internal temperature of the load exceeds safe limits, the overtemperature protection will be enabled; the input will be turned off with OT displayed, in the meantime, the OT and PS status register bits are set, and will remain set until they are reset and overtemperature condition is removed. You must wait until the load cools down to the normal temperature before you can reset the latched protection. The fans in the load will help to cool the load as quickly as possible.

2.14.6 Reverse Voltage

When reverse voltage is applied, the reverse voltage protection will be enabled; the input will be turned off with RV displayed, in the meantime, the RV and VF status register bits are set, and will remain set until they are reset and reverse voltage is removed.

2.15 Auxiliary Functions

2.15.1Trigger Function Selection

The Trigger Function in main menu is used to select the trigger object. Selecting "Tran" is used to

trigger transient operation, and selecting List is used to trigger sequence (list) operation.

2.15.2 Knob Function

The Knob in main menu is used to enable/disable the knob function. Select On to enable the knob function, and select Off to disable.

2.15.3 Key Sound

The Key Sound in main menu is used to control the key sound. Select On to activate the key sound and select Off to forbid.

Chapter3 Installation

3.1 Initial Check

When you receive the load, please check it for any obvious damage that may have occurred during shipment. Keep the original packing materials in case the load has to be returned to ARRAY in the future.

Please confirm that there are no broken keys or knobs, that the cabinet and panel surfaces are free of dents or scratches, and that the display is not scratched or cracked.

3.2 Environment/Installation Location

The load can operate at its full power within the temperature range of 0 °C to 40 °C, and at derated power from 40 °C to 50 °C, or the overtemperature protection will be caused.

Place the load in a location with good ventilation, and keep a distance from electromagnetic interference. Do not place the load in the flammable atmosphere.

Your load must be installed in a location that allows sufficient space at the sides and rear of the load for adequate air circulation. The fans cool the load by drawing in air through the sides and exhausting it out from the back. The rubber bumpers must be removed for rack mounting.

3.3 Power-On/ Self-Test

A power-on self-test can inspect the basic operations of the load to assure you that the load is operational.

First, before the load is switched on, check AC power-line voltage to verify the power-line voltage selected by 110V/220V Toggle Key on the rear panel is in accordance with the proper voltage in your local place.

Connect the power-line cord and a power-on self-test occurs automatically when you turn on the load. If the load detects an error during power-on self-test, the error messages will be displayed as shown below:

Error	Error Messages
Codes	
601	LCD self-test error

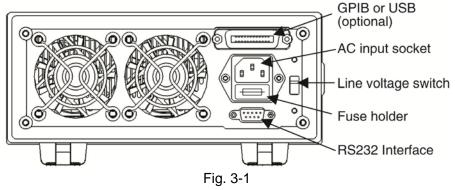
603	System ADC test failed	
607	Rundown too noisy	
608	Keypad self-test error	
609	EEPROM checksum failed	
630	Temperature test failed	

If there is no error is detected, the LCD will show CCH, the initial display, and the input will be turned off. If the parameters was modified previously and saved in location 0, the load will recall these modified parameters automatically. After around 20 minutes' warm-up of the load, the following test can be executed:

Connect the output of a power supply to the load's input with correct polarity to execute CCH 5A and CV 5V operations. If the load works normally, it will draw 5A or set input voltage to 5V within the allowed tolerance.

3.4 Connections on the Rear Panel

The rear panel of 372x Series electronic load is shown as fig. 3-1, which mainly includes AC input part and communication interface part. The AC input part includes AC input socket, Fuse holder, and Line voltage switch; the interface part includes RS-232 interface and the interface for optional GPIB or USB.



AC input:

AC power-line cord must be appropriate for your local standard.

The specifications of the fuse: 250V 315mA.

Line voltage switch can select 110V or 220V. The selected voltage should be in accordance with the proper voltage in your local place.

Communication Interfaces:

RS-232 Interface:

The load provides a RS-232 interface, which is a standard DB9 pin connector using DTR and DSR to execute flow control. The pin assignment is shown below:

Pin	Input/Output	Description
1	-	Not used
2	Input	RXD Receive data
3	Output	TXD Transmit data
4	Output	DTR Data terminal ready
5	Common	GND Ground
6	Input	DSR Data set ready

7	-	Not used
8	-	Not used
9	-	Not used

The interface parameters can be set in the MENU, and you can use SCPI language for programming to realize the communication with the load.

GPIB Interface:

The load provides a GPIB interface, and you can set its address to any value between 0 and 30 in MENU. When multiple GPIB devices are connected, each device on the GPIB interface must have a unique address that is not be used by the devices on other interfaces. The address is set to "05" when the load is shipped from the factory.

USB Interface:

The load provides a USB interface. You need to install the software provided by the factory in PC to realize communication with the load.

USB and GPIB interfaces occupy the same expansion slot on the rear panel, so only one type interface can be chosen to install at the same time, meanwhile, only one type interface can be used by the load to communicate with external devices.

3.5 Connections on the Front Panel

The terminals of 372x Series electronic load on the front panel include input terminals (INPUT+, INPUT-), remote sense terminals (SENSE +, SENSE -), and an external trigger input terminal. See Fig. 3-2.

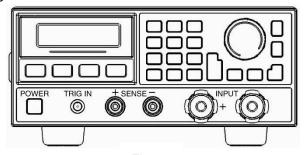


Fig.3-2

Input Connections

Input connections are made to two binding posts (INPUT+, INPUT-) on the front panel. The maximum wire diameter is 6mm. In order to enhance the test accuracy, and reduce the test error when executing large current test, it would be better to use thicker wire.

Remote Sense Terminals

Remote sensing is made to two terminals (SENSE+, and SENSE-). It compensates for the voltage drop caused by the power supply and input wire resistance to achieve greater accuracy.

372x Series electronic load can detect remote voltage inputs automatically, so there is no need to modify the parameter settings or change the hardware wiring when using remote sensing.

External Trigger Input Terminal

The external trigger input terminal on the front panel is a BNC connector, in which the middle part is the input+, and the outer casing is the input-. It receives 5V TTL-compatible falling-edge trigger signals. In order to get a reliabale trigger, the duration time of low level should be longer than 10us.

3.6 Wiring

Sense Connections

As the influence of connected power and the conductor resistance of the load, the voltage at the input terminals will be lower than output voltage when the current flows across the load,

When greater accuracy of voltage test is needed, it is necessary to connect Sense input, and the load will switch to Sense status automatically. The relevant wiring is shown as fig.3-3.

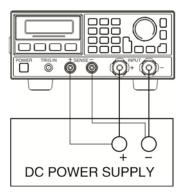


Fig.3-3

Parallel Connections

Figure 3-4 illustrates how two or more loads can be paralleled in CC mode when high power or large current is needed.

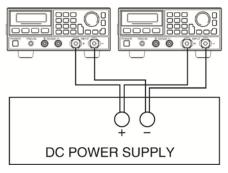


Fig. 3-4

Chapter 4 Local Operation

The local operation of the load has been briefly introduced in Chapter 2. In this chapter, it will be explained in details with examples.

4.1 Local Control

If it is needed to control the load from the front panel, the load must stay in the local control status. The load enters into local control status once it is powered on, and preset parameters saved in EEPROM location 0 will be recalled automatically.

Under remote control status, all operations on front panel keypad and knobs become invalid (except key + key). When the load receives a remote command (SYST:REM) via RS232 or GPIB, the remote control goes into effect and REM annunciator is turned on.

Under remote control status, all operations on electronic load are controlled by remote controller. The electronic load will return to local control after receiving the return command (SYST:LOCal). Or you can return the electronic load to local control by pressing 2nd key + 6 key.

4.2 Main Operation on the Front Panel

- Connecting to the Power Supply
- Turning the Input On/Off
- CC Mode
- CV Mode
- CR Mode
- CP Mode
- Short Circuit Operation
- Continuous Transient Operation
- Pulsed Transient Operation
- Toggled Transient Operation
- List Operation
- Battery Discharge Operation
- Saving and Recalling Parameters
- Clear Protection Settings
- Error Messages
- Triggered Operation
- Main Menu

4.3 Connecting to the Power Supply

Connect the positive pole of the power supply to the INPUT + terminal, and connect the negative pole of the power supply to the INPUT - terminal. If the input is connected reversely, the RV

protection status of the load will become effective. In this case, disconnect the power supply from the load and then make the correct connections.

After the power supply is correctly connected to the load, press and key + leading key to clear the RV protection status or restart the load. The relevant details will be described in "Clearing Protection Settings".

4.4 Turning the Input On/Off

Press Input key to turn on or turn off the input.

4.5 Basic Operation

The operating procedures for basic tests are shown below:

- 1. Press set likey to enter into mode selection and parameter setting menu.
- 2. Use A, we keys to select one operating mode.
- 3. Use Entry keys, or use the knob together with , keys to input set value. Reversely key may be used to clear the values entered at present, or exit mode selection and parameter setting menu..
- 4. Press Enter key to confirm and exit mode selection and parameter setting menu
- 5. Press Input key to turn on the load's input..

4.5.1 CC Mode

Constant current mode has two ranges, the high range (CCH) and the low range (CCL).

Example 1: Take 3721A as an example, in CV mode, set the load to CCH, the current to 5.12A,,and turn on the load. The operating procedures are shown below:

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1	Press set key to enter into the mode selection and parameter setting menu (e.g. the load is in CV mode).	MODE : CV CURR : 80.00 <u>0</u> A
2	Use or key to select CCH.	MODE : CCH CURR : 0.00 <u>0</u> A
3	Use Entry keys, or use the knob together with keys to input the current value to 5.12.	MODE: CCH CURR: 5.120A
4	Press Enter key to confirm and exit mode selection and parameter setting menu.	5. 000V 0. 000A 5. 12 <u>0</u> A CCH OFF
5	Press Input key to turn on the load.	5. 000V 5. 120A 5. 12 <u>0</u> A CCH ON

6	Use , we key to check the current power value.	0. 000V 5. 12 <u>0</u> A	0. 000A 0. 000W	
---	--	-----------------------------	--------------------	--

MODE CCH ; Sets the mode

CURR 5.1 ; Sets the current value INP ON ; Turns on the load

Example 2: Current setting is 5.8A in CCH, input is on.

Solution 1:

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1	Press set key to enter into the mode selection and parameter setting menu.	MODE : CCH CURR : 5.12 <u>0</u> A
2	Use Entry keys, or use the knob together with , keys to input the current value to 5.8.	MODE: CCH CURR: 5.800A
3	Press Enter key to confirm and exit the mode selection and parameter setting menu.	5. 000V 5. 800A 5. 80 <u>0</u> A CCH ON
4	Press Input key to turn on the load.	0. 000V 0. 000A 5. 80 <u>0</u> A CCH ON

Solution 2:

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1	Move the cursor to the hundredths with key.	0.000V 0.000A 5.120A CCH OFF
2	Rotate the knob to set the hundredths to 0. (Rotating the knob will change the set value immediately. And when the load is powered on, the new set value will become valid at the input terminal at once.)	0.000V 0.000A 5.1 <u>0</u> 0A CCH OFF
3	Move the cursor to the tenths with key.	5. 000V 5. 100A 5. <u>1</u> 00A CCH ON
4	Rotate the knob to set the tenths to 8. (Rotating the knob will change the set value immediately. And when the load is powered on, the new sett value will become valid in the input terminal at once.)	5. 000V 5. 800A 5. <u>8</u> 00A CCH ON
5	Press Input key to turn on the load.	0. 000V 0. 000A 5. <u>8</u> 00A CCH ON

For the above operating procedures, the corresponding SCPI commands should be:

MODE CCH ; Sets the mode
CURR 5.8 ; Sets the current value
INP ON ; Turns on the load

Note: In CCH status or CCL status, CCH /CCL will be shown respectively in the lower right corner of the display.

4.5.2 CV Mode

Example 1: Take 3721A as an example, set the load to CV mode and the voltage value to 50V in CCH. Then turn on the load, and check the present power value. The operating procedures are shown below:

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1	Set	MODE: CCH
	Press key to enter into the mode selection and	CURR: 3.80 <u>0</u> A
	parameter setting menu.	
2		MODE: CV
	Use key to select CV mode.	VOLT: 80.00 <u>0</u> V
3	Use Entry keys or use the knob together with	MODE: CV
		VOLT: 50.000V
	keys to input the voltage value to 50.	
4	Enter	0.000V 0.000A
	Press key to confirm and exit the mode	50.00 <u>0</u> V CV OFF
	selection and parameter setting menu.	
5	Input	0.000V 0.000A
	Press linput key to turn on the load.	50.00 <u>0</u> V CV ON
6		0.000V 0.000A
Check the present power value v	Check the present power value with , ,	50.00 <u>0</u> V 0.000W
	keys.	

For the above operating procedures, the corresponding SCPI commands should be:

MODE CV ; Sets the mode

VOLT 50 ; Sets the voltage value INP ON ; Turns on the load

Example 2: Set the voltage value to 60V in CV mode.

Turn on the load, and there are two ways to set the voltage value.

Solution 1:

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1	Sat	MODE: CV
	Press key to enter into the mode selection and	CURR: 50.00 <u>0</u> V
	parameter setting menu.	
2		MODE: CV
	Use Entry keys or use the knob together with \square ,	VOLT: 60.000V

	keys to input the voltage value to 60.	
3	Enter	0.000V 0.000A
	Press key to confirm and exit the mode	60.00 <u>0</u> V CV OFF
	selection and parameter setting menu.	
4	Input	0.000V 0.000A
	Press [Input] key to turn on the load.	60.00 <u>0</u> V CV ON

Solution 2:

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1		0.000V 0.000A
	Move the cursor to the tens with key.	<u>5</u> 0.000V CV ON
2	Rotate the knob to set the tens to 6.	0.000V 0.000A
	(Rotating the knob will change the set value	<u>6</u> 0.000V CV OFF
	immediately The set value will become effective at	
	input at once when the load is turned on.)	
3	Input	0.000V 0.000A
	Press input on the load.	<u>6</u> 0.000V CV ON

For the above operating procedures, the corresponding SCPI commands should be:

MODE CV ; Sets the mode

VOLT 60 ; Sets the voltage value INP ON ; Turns on the load

Note: CV will be shown in the lower right corner of the display when the load is in CV mode.

4.5. 3 CR Mode

CR Mode includes constant resistance low range (CRL), constant resistance medium range (CRM), and constant resistance high range (CRH).

Example 1: Take 3721A as an example, set the load to CRL and set the resistance value to $1.5\,\Omega$ in CV mode. Turn on the load, and check the present power value. The operating procedures are shown below:

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1	Set	MODE: CV
	Press key to enter into the mode selection and	CURR: 50.00 <u>0</u> V
	parameter setting menu.	
2	Use key to select CRL.	MODE: CRL
		RES : 0.020 <u>0</u> Ω
3		MODE: CRL
	Use Entry keys or use the knob together with,	RES : 1.5000 Ω
	keys to input the resistance value to 1.5.	
4	Enter	0.000V 0.000A
	Press key to confirm and exit the mode	1.500 <u>0</u> Ω CRL OFF

	selection and parameter setting menu.		
5	Input	0.000V	0.000A
	Press key to turn on the load.	1.500 <u>0</u> Ω	CRL ON
6		0.000V	0.000A
	Check the present power value with , .	1.500 <u>0</u> Ω	0.000W

MODE CRL ; Sets the mode

RES 1.5; Sets the resistance value

INP ON ; Turns on the load

Example 2: Set the resistance value to 1.8Ω in CRL.

Turn on the load, and there are two ways to set the resistance value.

Solution 1:

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1	Set	MODE: CRL
	Press key to enter into the mode selection and	RES : $1.500\underline{0}\Omega$
	parameter setting menu.	
2	Ho F to 1 and a distant to 1 and a distant	MODE: CRL
	Use Entry keys or use the knob together with ,	RES : 1.8000 Ω
	keys to input the resistance value to 1.8.	
3	Enter	0.000V 0.000A
	Press key to confirm and exit the mode	$1.800\underline{0}\Omega$ CRL OFF
	selection and parameter setting menu.	
4	Input	0.000V 0.000A
	Press key to turn on the load.	1.800 <u>0</u> Ω CRL ON

Solution 2:

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display	
1		0.000V	0.000A
	Move the cursor to the tenths with key.	1. <u>5</u> 000 Ω	CRL OFF
2	Rotate the knob to set the tenths to 8.	0.000V	0.000A
	(Rotating the knob will change the set value	1. <u>8</u> 000 Ω	CRL OFF
	immediately. The set value will become effective at		
	input at once when the load is turned on.)		
3	Input	0.000V	0.000A
	Press Input on the load.	1. <u>8</u> 000 Ω	CRL ON

For the above operating procedures, the corresponding SCPI commands should be:

MODE CRL ; Sets the mode

RES 1.8; Sets the resistance value

INP ON ; Turns on the load

Note: CRH /CRM/CRL will be shown respectively in the lower right corner of the display when

the load is in CRH status, CRM status or CCL status.

4.5.4 CP Mode

CP Mode includes constant power-current source mode (CPV) and constant power-voltage source mode (CPC).

Example 1: Take 3721A as an example, set the load to CPV and set the power value to 100W in CRL. Turn on the load, and check the present power value. The operating procedures are shown below:

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1	Press Set key to enter into the mode selection and	MODE: CRL
	riess key to enter into the mode selection and	RES: 1.800 <u>0</u> Ω
	parameter setting menu.	
2	TY TO A CONT	MODE: CPV
	Use key to select CPV.	POWR: 0.00 <u>0</u> W
3		MODE: CPV
	Use Entry keys or use the knob together with ,	POWR: 100.00W
	keys to input the power value to 100.	
4	Enter	0.000V 0.000A
	Press key to confirm and exit the mode	100.0 <u>0</u> W CPV OFF
	selection and parameter setting menu.	
5	Input	0.000V 0.000A
	Press linput key to turn on the load.	100.0 <u>0</u> W CPV ON
6		0.000V 0.000A
	Check the present power value with , .	100.0 <u>0</u> W 0.000W

For the above operating procedures, the corresponding SCPI commands should be:

MODE CPV ; Sets the mode POW 100 ; Sets the power value

Example 2: Set the power value to 200W in CPV mode.

ON

Turn on the load, and there are two ways to set the power value.

; Turns on the load

Solution 1:

INP

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1	Set	MODE: CPV
	Press key to enter into the mode selection and	POWR: 100.0 <u>0</u> W
	parameter setting menu.	
2	TI F (1	MODE: CPV
	Use Entry keys or use the knob together with ,	POWR: 200.00W
	keys to input the power value to 200.	
3	Pres Enter key to confirm and exit the mode	0.000V 0.000A
	Pres Enter key to confirm and exit the mode	200.0 <u>0</u> W CPV OFF
	selection and parameter setting menu.	

4	Press Input key to turn on the load	0.000V	0.000A
	Press enfort key to turn on the load.	200.0 <u>0</u> W	CPV ON

Solution 2:

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1		0.000V 0.000A
	Move the cursor to the hundredths with key.	<u>1</u> 00.00W CPV OFF
2	Rotate the knob to set the hundredths to 2.	0.000V 0.000A
	(Rotating the knob will change the set value	<u>2</u> 00.00W CPV OFF
	immediately. The set value will become effective at	
	input at once when the load is turned on.)	
3	Press Input key to turn on the load	0.000V 0.000A
	Press key to turn on the load.	<u>2</u> 00.00W CPV ON

For the above operating procedures, the corresponding SCPI commands should be:

MODE CPV ; Sets the mode

POW 200 ; Sets the power value INP ON ; Turns on the load

Note: CPV /CPC will be shown respectively in the lower right corner of the display when the load is in CPV or CPC mode.

4.6 Short Circuit Operation

The operating procedures for short circuit operation are shown below:

- 1. Press Menu key to enter into main menu, and select Short (short circuit) item with key.
- 2. Use key or knob to set On, and press key to confirm.
- 3. Press Republic key to exit the main menu. The display shows "s" to indicate in the basic test mode.
- 4. Press set key to enter into the mode selection and parameter setting menu; use ,
 - keys to select one basic operating mode; press key to confirm and exit the mode selection and parameter setting menu.
- 5. Press input on the load.

Example 1: The load was in CV mode previously and it is turned off. Set the load to short circuit in CCH status. Turn on the load to execute short circuit operation.

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1	Manu	Short:
	Press Menu key to enter into main menu, and select Short	On *Off

	(short circuit) item with key.	
2	Enter .	Short:
	Use key or knob to set On, and press key to	*On Off
	confirm.	
3	Clear	0.000V 0.000A
	Press Revolute key to exit the main menu. The display shows "s"	0.000V sCV OFF
	to indicate in CV mode.	
4	Set 1	0.000V 0.000A
	Press key to enter into the mode selection and parameter	44.000A sCCH OFF
	setting menu; use key to select CCH; press key to	
	confirm and exit the mode selection and parameter setting	
	menu.	
5	Press Input key to turn on the load.	0.000V 0.000A
	Press key to turn on the load.	44.000A sCCH ON

INP:SHOR ON ; Sets the load to short circuit operation

MODE CCH ; Sets the mode INP ON ; Turns on the load

Example 2: Based on the last example, exit the short circuit operation, and turn off the load.

1	l	ı	
Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display	
1	Press Menu key to enter into main menu, and select Short		ort: n Off
	(short circuit) item with key.		
2	Use key or knob to set Off, and press key to		ort: *Off
	confirm.		
3	Press Clear key to exit the main menu. On the display, "s"	0.000V	0.000A
	Press key to exit the main menu. On the display, "s"	0.00 <u>0</u> A	CCH ON
	disappears in CCH status.		
4	Input 1 CC 1 1 1	0.000V	0.000A
	Press linput off the load.	0.00 <u>0</u> A	CCH OFF

For the above operating procedures, the corresponding SCPI commands should be:

INP:SHOR OFF ; Sets the load to exit the short circuit operation

INP OFF ; Turns on the load

4.7 Transient Operation

The operating procedures for transient operation are shown below:

- Press set key to enter into the mode selection and parameter setting menu; use ,
 keys to select one basic operating mode; press enter key to confirm and exit the mode selection and parameter setting menu.
- 2. Press Tran key to enter into transient operation. The display shows "t" to indicate in the basic test mode.
- 3. Press set key to enter into the transient operation menu.
- 4. Use **\(\)** keys to select the parameter.
- 5. Use Entry keys or use the knob together with , keys to set values for LevelL, LevelH, TimeL, TimeH, TimeR, and TimeF. Use keys or knob to set Mode value.
- 6. Press key to exit the transient operation menu.
- 7. Press Input on the load.
- 8. If it is the pulsed transient operation or the toggled transient operation, one trigger occurs when pressing and key + wey or the signal at the trigger input terminal (TRIG IN) is low level.

4.7.1 Continuous Transient Operation

Example 1: Take 3721A as an example, set the load voltage value to periodically switch between 1V and 5V; set the time for rising edge (TimeR) to 10ms; set high level time (TimeH) to 200ms; set time for falling edge (TimeF) to 20ms; set low level time (TimeL) to 400ms, and the load is in continuous transient operation. The operating procedures are shown as below:

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display	
1	Set	0.000V	0.000A
	Press key to enter into the mode selection and parameter	0.00 <u>0</u> V	CV OFF
	setting menu; use , very keys to select CV mode; press		
	key to confirm and exit the mode selection and parameter		
	setting menu.		
2	Tran	0.000V	0.000A
	Press Tran key to enter into transient operation. The display		tCV OFF
	shows "t" to indicate in CV mode.		
3	Set 1	► LevelL:8	80.000V
	Press key to enter into the transient operation menu.		80.000V

4	Use Entry keys or use the knob together with , keys	LevelL:1.000V ►LevelH:80.00 <u>0</u> V
	to set LevelL to 1, and press Enter key to confirm.	
5	Use Entry keys or use the knob together with , keys	►TimeL :530.00ms TimeH :500.00ms
	to set LevelH to 5, and press Enter key to confirm.	
6	Use Entry keys or use the knob together with , keys	TimeL :400.00ms ►TimeH :500.0 <u>0</u> ms
	to set TimeL to 400ms, and press Enter key to confirm.	
7	Use Entry keys or use the knob together with , keys	►TimeR: 100.0 <u>0</u> ms TimeF: 100.00ms
	to set TimeH to 200ms, and press Enter key to confirm. The	
	menu will show the next item automatically.	
8	Use Entry keys or use the knob together with , keys	TimeR: 10.00ms ►TimeF: 100.0 <u>0</u> ms
	to set TimeR to 10ms, and press Enter key to confirm.	
9	Use Entry keys or use the knob together with , keys	►Mode: < Cont ►
	to set TimeF to 20ms, and press key to confirm.	
10	Use , keys or knob to set Mode value to Cont, and	►Mode: < Cont ►
	press Enter key to confirm.	
11	Press Clear key to exit the transient operation menu.	0.000V 0.000A 1.000V tCV OFF
12	Press Input key to turn on the load.	0.000V 0.000A 1.000V tCV ON
		0.000V 0.000A
		5.000V tCV ON

MODE CV ; Sets the mode ON TRAN ; Enables the transient operation 1 ; Sets a value to low level VOLT:LOW VOLT:HIGH 5 ; Sets a value to high level TRAN:LTIME 400ms ; Sets a value to low level time TRAN:HTIME 200ms ; Sets a value to high level time

TRAN:RTIME 10ms ; Sets a value to time for rising edge
TRAN:FTIMR 20ms ; Sets a value to time for falling edge
TRAN:MODE CONT ; Selects continuous transient operation

INP ON ; Turns on the load

4.7.2 Pulsed Transient Operation

Example 1: Assume that the load is in external triggering mode, set the load current value to periodically switch between 1A and 5A; set the time for rising edge (TimeR) to 10ms; set high level time (TimeH) to 200ms; set time for falling edge (TimeF) to 10ms; the load is in pulsed transient operation, and a trigger occurs at this time.

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1	Press Set key to enter into the mode selection and parameter	0.000V 0.000A 0.00 <u>0</u> A CCH OFF
	setting menu; use , weys to select CCH mode; press	
	key to confirm and exit the mode selection and parameter	
	setting menu.	
2	Press Tran key to enter into transient operation. The display	0.000V 0.000A 0.500A tCCH OFF
	shows "t" to indicate in CCH status.	
3	Press Set key to enter into the transient operation menu.	►LevelL: 0.50 <u>0</u> A LevelH:1.000A
4	Use Entry keys or use the knob together with , keys	LevelL: 1.00 <u>0</u> A ►LevelH: 1.000A
	to set LevelL to 1, and press Enter key to confirm.	
5	Use Entry keys or use the knob together with , keys	►TimeL:400.0 <u>0</u> ms TimeH:400.00ms
	to set LevelH to 5, and press Enter key to confirm.	
6	Press key to select TimeH; use Entry keys or use the	► TimeR:10.00ms TimeF:20.00ms
	knob together with , keys to set TimeH to 200ms,	
	and press Enter key to confirm.	
7	Use Entry keys or use the knob together with , keys	TimeR:10.00ms ►TimeF:20.0 <u>0</u> ms
	to set TimeR to 10ms, and press Enter key to confirm.	
8	Use Entry keys or use the knob together with , keys	►Mode: < Cont ►

	to set TimeF to 10ms, and press Enter key to confirm.		
9	Use , keys or knob to set Mode value to pulse , and	► Mode: ◀ Puls ►	
	press Enter key to confirm.		
10	Press Republic Republ	0.000V 0.000A	
	Press key to exit the transient operation menu.	1.000A tCCH OFF	
11	Input	0.000V 0.000A	
	Press Input on the load.	1.000A tCCH ON	
12	Send the command "INIT" or "INIT: CONT" to the load.		
13		0.000V 0.000A	
	One trigger occurs when pressing 2nd trigger key or the signal	5.000A tCCH ON	
	at the trigger input terminal (TRIG IN) is low level.		

MODE	CCH	; Sets the mode
------	-----	-----------------

TRAN	ON	; Enables the transient of	peration
CURR:LOV	V 1	; Sets a value to low lev	'el
CURR:HIG	Н 5	; Sets a value to high le	vel
TRAN:HTI	ME 200ms	; Sets a value to high le	vel time
TRAN:RTIN	ME 10us	; Sets a value to time fo	r rising edge
TRAN:FTIN	ME 10us	; Sets a value to time fo	r falling edge
TRAN:MOI	DE PULS	; Selects pulsed transier	nt operation

INP ON ; Turns on the load
INIT ; Initialize the trigger
TRIG ; One trigger occurs

4.7.3 Toggled Transient Operation

Example 1: Assume that the load is in external triggering mode, set the load resistance value to periodically switch between $200\,\Omega$ and $500\,\Omega$; set the time for rising edge (TimeR) to 10ms; set time for falling edge (TimeF) to 10ms; the load is in toggled transient operation, and a trigger occurs at this time.

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display	
1	Press set key to enter into the mode selection and parameter	0.000V 20.000 Ω	0.000A CRH OFF
	setting menu; use , weys to select CRH mode; press		
	key to confirm and exit the mode selection and parameter		
	setting menu.		
2	Tran	0.000V	0.000A
	Press Tran key to enter into transient operation. The display	2000. <u>0</u> Ω	tCRH OFF
	shows "t" to indicate in CRH status.		

3 P.	Press Set key to enter into the transient operation menu	►LevelL: 2000.0 Ω LevelH: 2000.0 Ω
4 U	Use Entry keys or use the knob together with , keys	LevelL: 200.00 Ω ►LevelH: 2000. <u>0</u> Ω
to	o set LevelL to 200, and press Enter key to confirm.	
5 U	Jse Entry keys or use the knob together with , keys	►TimeL:400.0 <u>0</u> ms TimeH:200.00ms
to	o set LevelH to 500, and press Enter key to confirm.	
6 P	Press key to select TimeR; use Entry keys or use the	TimeR:10.00ms ►TimeF:10.0 <u>0</u> ms
kı	enob together with , keys to set TimeR to 10ms,	
aı	and press Enter key to confirm	
7 U	Use Entry keys or use the knob together with , keys	►Mode: ◀ Puls ►
to	o set TimeF to 10ms, and press Enter key to confirm.	
8 U	Jse , keys or knob to set Mode value to Togg, and	►Mode: ∢Togg ►
p ₁	oress Enter key to confirm.	
9 P.	Press Red key to exit the transient operation menu.	0.000V 0.0000A 200.00 Ω tCRH OFF
10 P	Press Input key to turn on the load.	0.000V 0.0000A 200.00Ω tCRH ON
11 S	Send the command "INIT" or "INIT: CONT" to the load.	
12	One trigger occurs when pressing 2nd + Trigger key or the signal	0.000V 0.0000A 500.00Ω tCRH ON
at	t the trigger input terminal (TRIG IN) is low level.	
	88 1	

For the above operating procedures, the corresponding SCPI commands should be:

MODE CRH • Sets the mode

MODE	CRH	; Sets the mode	
TRAN	ON	; Enables the transient operation	
RES:LOW	200	; Sets a value to low level	
RES:HIGH	500	; Sets a value to high level	
TRAN:RTIME	10us	; Sets a value to time for rising edge	
TRAN:FTIME	10us	; Sets a value to time for falling edge	,
TRAN:MODE	TOGG	; Selects toggled operation	
INP	ON	; Turns on the load	
INIT		; Initialize the trigger	
TRIG		; One trigger occurs	

4.8 List Operation

The oper	rating procedures for sequence operation are shown below:
1.	Press 2nd key + List key to enter into list operation menu.
2.	Use Entry keys or the knob to select list number (No.), and press Enter key to confirm.
3.	Use ve key to select list memo (Memo).
4.	Use knob and , keys to edit memo (max. 10 characters).
5.	Use \P key to select sequence data (Data: <new <math="">\underline{E}dit>). Use \P, \P keys or</new>
	knob to select New or Edit operation, and press Enter key to confirm.
6.	Select New operation, and press Enter to enter list data clear screen. Use or knob
	to select Yes, and press Enter to confirm. Now list data will be cleared and the load will
	enter the step edit screen. Use or knob to select No, then press key to
	confirm and return to the list operation menu.
7.	Select Edit, then press Enter to enter step edit screen.
8.	Use , b to select parameters.
9.	Use Entry keys or use the knob together with , be keys to input set value; or
	use the knob/Set key to select one operating mode, and press Enter key to confirm.
	After setting the third parameter, press Enter key to confirm and enter into the next
	step.
10.	If it is needed to modify one step, use , we keys to select this step. The setting
	operations for this step are the same as the operating procedure 9.
11.	If it is needed to add one step to the last step, use 🔽 key to select the new step. The
	setting operations for this new step are the same as the operating procedure 9.
12.	If it is needed to insert one step above an edited step, use , we keys to select
	this edited step. The LCD display doesn't flash at this time, and press $2nd$ key + 7 lnsert
	key to insert a new step. The setting operations for this new step are the same as the

operating procedure 9.

- 13. If it is needed to delete an edited step, use , we keys to select this step. The LCD display will stop flashing, and press and key + to delete. If there is only one step exists, it will exit the step edit screen.
- 14. Press key to exit step edit screen, and save the sequence data in EEPROM assigned by the sequence number.
- 15. Use key to select the cycle times (Count); use Entry keys or the knob together with keys to input set value. Press key to confirm and save the cycle times (Count) in EEPROM assigned by the sequence number.
- 16. Use key to select "Chain"; use Entry keys (the "Chain" is OFF when the Entry key exceeds 6) or the knob to input the set value. Press Enter key to confirm.
- 17. Press Clear key to exit sequence operation menu.
- 18. Press 2nd key + 4 key to activate sequence operation.
- 19. Press 2nd key + 5stop key to stop sequence operation.

After sequence editing, the operating procedures for enabling and disabling sequence operation are shown as below:

- 1. Press 2nd key + 9 List key to enter sequence operation menu.
- 2. Use Entry keys or the knob to select list number (No.), and press Enter key to confirm.
- 3. Press Rey to exit sequence operation menu.
- 4. Press 2nd key + 4start key to activate sequence operation.
- 5. Press 2nd key + 5 stop key to stop sequence operation.

4.8.1 List Editing

Example 1: Edit a new sequence. The sequence number is 0; the sequence Memo is Test Power; the sequence steps: step1: CCL, 1A, 1S; step2: CCH, 2A, 1S; step3: CV, 1V, 1S; step4: CRL, 1^{Ω} , 1S; step5: CRH, 200^{Ω} , 1S; the cycle times (Count) for sequence operation is 5; disabling the sequence chain; starting sequence operation; stopping sequence operation.

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
------------	------------------------	---------

1	Press 2nd key + 5 key to enter into sequence operation	►No.: <u>0</u> Memo:
2	menu. Use Entry keys or the knob to set the sequence number (No.) to 0, and press Enter key to confirm (recall the sequence in	►No.: <u>0</u> Memo:
	EEPROM assigned by the sequence number).	
3	Use ve key to select sequence memo (Memo).	No.: 0 ►Memo:_
4	Rotate the knob to select the letter "T".	No.: 0 ►Memo: <u>T</u>
5	Use key to move the cursor to the right.	No.: 0 ►Memo:T_
6	Rotate the knob to select the letter "e".	No.: 0 ►Memo:Te
7	Set Memo to "Test Power" according to step5 and setp6 operations. Press Enter key to confirm.	No.: 0 ►Memo: <u>T</u> est Power
8	Use key to select Data: <new edit="">.</new>	►Data: <new <u="">Edit> Count: 1</new>
9	Use key or knob to select New, and press key to	Clear Data: Yes *No
10	confirm.	01 00000
10	Use key or knob to select Yes, and press key to	01. 0.0000 <u>0</u> s CCH 0.000A
	confirm. The data is cleared and step edit screen appears.	1 00000
11	Edit the step1: CCL, 1A, 1S. The time set value in the upper right corner of the display flashes. Use Entry keys or the knob	01. 1.00000s CCH 0.000A
	together with keys to input time to 1s, and press	0.00071
	key to confirm.	
12	The basic mode showed in lower left corner of the display	01. 1.00000s
	flashes. Use the knob or select operating mode to	CCL 0.000A
	CCL, and press Enter key to confirm.	
13	The set value in the lower right corner of the display flashes.	01. 1.00000s
	Use Entry keys or the knob together with , keys to	CCL 1.000 <u>0</u> A
	input the current value to 1A. Press Enter key to confirm and	
	enter into the next operation.	
14	Repeat the procedures 11 through 13 to set the rest four steps.	

15	The five sequence steps have been edited, and there is no need	06. 0.0000 <u>0</u> s
	to edit the step6. Press Revices key to exit step edit screen and	CRH 20.000 Ω
	save the sequence data in EEPROM assigned by the sequence number.	
16	Use very keys to select "Count"; use Entry keys or the knob	Data: <new <u="">Edit> Count: 5</new>
	together with , keys to input "5". Press key to	
	confirm and save the Count value in EEPROM assigned by the sequence number.	
17	Use key to select "Chain"; use Entry keys (the "Chain"	►Chain:Off
	is OFF when the Entry key exceeds 6) or the knob to input	
	"Off". Press Enter key to confirm and save the Chain value in	
	the EEPROM assigned by the sequence number.	
18	Press Rey to exit sequence operation menu.	0.000V 0.000A
	riess key to exit sequence operation menu.	0.000A CCH OFF
19	Press 2nd key + 4 key to activate sequence operation.	0.000V 0.0000A
	Rey to activate sequence operation.	1.000A LCCL ON
20	Press 2nd key + 5 key to stop sequence operation.	0.000V 0.000A
	ress — key to stop sequence operation.	0.000A CCH OFF

LIST: NUMB	0	; Recalls the number 0 sequence
LIST:MEMO	"Test Power"	; Sequence memo is "Test Power"
LIST: ADD	CCL,1A,1S	
LIST: ADD	CCH,2A,1S	
LIST: ADD	CV,1V,1S	
LIST: ADD	CRL,1 Ω ,1S	
LIST: ADD	CRH,200 Ω ,1S	; The above 5 commands are sequence step
LIST:COUNT	5	; Cycle times for this sequence
LIST:CHA	OFF	; Disables the chained sequence
LIST	ON	; Activates sequence operation
LIST	OFF	; Stops sequence operation

4.8.2 Modifying, Adding, Inserting, Deleting the List

Exampel 1: Based on the example 1 in 4.8.1 section, the step 1 modify the time to 2s. Add "CCH, 5A, 1S" to the last step. Insert "CRL , $1\,\Omega$,10S" at step3. Delete step2. The sequence is chained to itself to realize the continuous execution.

Steps	Operation Descriptions	Display
Step1	Press 2nd key + 9 List key to enter into sequence operation	►No.: <u>0</u>
	Press 2nd key + 9 List key to enter into sequence operation	Memo: <u>T</u> est Power

	manu		
Step2	menu.	►Data:	<new <u="">Edit></new>
	Use key to select Data: <new edit="">.</new>		: 5
Step3		01.	1.00000s
	Use key or knob to select Edit, and press key to	CCL	1.0000A
	confirm and enter step edit screen.		
Step4		01.	1.00000s
1	Use key to select time parameter, and the time set value	CCL	1.0000A
	flashes.		
Step5		01.	2.00000s
э с рэ	Use Entry keys or the knob together with , keys to input	CCL	1.0000A
		CCL	1.0000A
	the time to 2s, and press Enter key to confirm.		
Step6		06.	0.0000 <u>0</u> s
	Use key to select the last new step (Step6).	CRH	20.000Ω
Step7	Add a new step: CCH, 5A, 1S. The set value in the upper right	06.	1.0000 <u>0</u> s
	corner of the display flashes. Use Entry keys or the knob together	CRH	20.000Ω
	with , keys to input time to 1s, and press key to		
	confirm.		
Step8	The basic mode showed in lower left corner of the display flashes.	06.	1.00000s
T			0.000A
	Use the knob or select operating mode to CCH, and		
	press Enter key to confirm.		
Step9	The set value in the lower right corner of the display flashes. Use	06.	1.00000s
T			5.000A
	Entry keys or the knob together with , keys to input the		- · · · · <u>-</u>
		07.	0.00000s
	overent value to 5 A. Dragg Enter leave to confirm and enter into the		0.000A
	next operation.	ССН	
Step10		03.	1.00000s
rv	Use key to select the step3.	CV	1.000V
Step11		03.	0.00000s
~••p11	Press $\frac{2nd}{key} + \frac{7}{l_{nsert}}$ key to insert a new step at step3.	CV	0.000V
Step12	Insert a new step: CRL, 1Ω , 10S at step3. The setting operations	03.	10.00000s
5tcp12	for this new step are the same as the operating procedures 7 to 9.		1.0000 Ω
Step13	To this new step are the same as the operating procedures? to 7.	02.	1.0000 s2
step13	Use key to select the step2.		2.000A
Step14		02.	10.0000s
Step14	Press 2nd key + Bolote key to delete the step2.		
C415	-	 	1.0000 Ω
Step15	Press Reguence data Reguence data	Data: <new <u="">Edit></new>	
		Count	: 5
Ĺ	in EEPROM assigned by the sequence number.		

Step16	Use key to select Chain.	►Chain: (Off
Step17	Use Entry keys or the knob to input 0 (it is chained to itself to	►Chain: 0	
	realize continuous execution). Press Enter key to confirm and save the Chain value in EEPROM assigned by the sequence number.		
Step18	Press Review Rev	0.000V	0.000A
	1 1655 Est to exit sequence operation menu.	0.000A	CCH OFF

LIST:NUMB ; Recalls the number 0 sequence LIST:EDIT 1,CCL,1A,2S ; Modifies the time of Step1 to 2S ; Add CCH, 5A, 1S to the last step LIST:ADD CCH,5A,1S LIST:INS 3,CRL, 1Ω ,10S; Inserts the third step LIST:DEL 2 ; Deletes the second step LIST:CHA 0 ; Chians itself : Saves list LSIT:SAVE LIST ON ; Enables list operation LIST OFF ; Disables list operation

4.8.3 Starting/Stopping the List

Example 1: Start the No.0 sequence, and stop the active sequence operation.

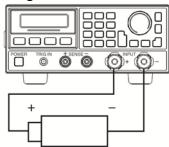
Steps	Operation Descriptions	Display
Step1	2nd . 9	►No.: <u>1</u>
	Press 2nd key + step to enter into sequence operation menu.	Memo:
Step2	Use Entry keys or knob to set the sequence number (No.) to 0, and	▶No.: <u>0</u>
	press Enter key to confirm (recall the sequence in EEPROM	Memo: Test Power
	assigned by the sequence number).	
Step3	Clear	0.000V 0.000A
	Press Revolution key to exit sequence operation menu.	0.00 <u>0</u> A CCH OFF
Step4	2nd . 4	0.000V 0.0000A
	Press 2nd key + 4start key to activate sequence operation.	1.0000A LCCL ON
Step5	2nd . 5	0.000V 0.000A
	Press 2nd key + 5 key to stop sequence operation.	0.00 <u>0</u> A CCH OFF

For the above steps, the corresponding SCPI commands should be:

LIST: NUMB 0 ; Recalls the number 0 sequence
LIST ON ; Starts sequence operation
LIST OFF ; Stops sequence operation

4.9 Battery Discharge Operation

Battery discharge operation diagram:



The operating procedures for battery discharge operation are shown below:

- 1. Press lingut key to turn off the load, and connect the tested battery correctly.
- 2. Press 2nd key + 6 key to enter into battery discharge operation screen.
- 3. Press set key to enter into battery discharge parameters edit screen. Use , we keys to select the parameter. Use Entry keys or the knob together with , keys to input termination voltage value and discharge current value. Press tenter key to confirm.
- 4. Press key to exit the battery discharge parameters edit screen.
- 5. Press key to turn on the load, and start battery discharge operation.
- 6. Press (Input) key to turn off the load, and stop battery discharge operation.
- 7. Press Report key to clear the discharged time and discharged capacity of the battery.
- 8. Press 2nd key + 6 Reattery key to exit the battery discharge operation.

Example 1: Enter into the battery discharge operation; set the termination voltage to 15V, and the discharge current to 3A; turn on the load, and start the battery discharge operation; turn off the load and stop the battery discharge operation; clear the discharged time and discharged capacity of the battery; exit the battery discharge operation.

Steps	Operation Descriptions	Display
Step1	Input 1	20.000V 0.000A
	Press input key to turn off the load, and connect the tested battery	0.00 <u>0</u> A CCH OFF
	correctly.	
Step2	2nd 1 6	20.000V 0.000A
	Press 2nd key + 6 key to enter into battery discharge	0.000AH 00:00:00
	operation screen.	
Step3	Sat	►MinVolt:0.00 <u>0</u> V
	Press set key to enter into battery discharge parameters edit	DisCurr:2.000A

	screen. Use Entry keys or the knob together with , keys	
	to input termination voltage to 15V. Press Enter key to confirm.	
Step4	Use Entry keys or the knob together with , keys to input	MinVolt:15.000V ▶DisCurr:3.00 <u>0</u> A
	discharge current to 3A. Press Enter key to confirm.	
Step5	Press Registration	20.000V 0.000A 0.000AH 00:00:00
Step6	Press Input key to turn on the load, and start battery discharge operation.	20.000V 3.000A 0.000AH 00:00:01
Step7	Press input key to turn off the load, and stop battery discharge operation.	20.000V 0.000A 0.012AH 00:00:15
Step8	Press Region key to clear the discharged time and discharged capacity of the battery.	20.000V 0.000A 0.000AH 00:00:00
Step9	Press 2nd key + 6 key to exit the battery discharge operation.	20.000V 0.000A 0.00 <u>0</u> A CCH OFF

INP	OFF	; Turns off the load
BATT	ON	; Activates the battery discharge operation screen
BATT:TERM:VOLT	15V	; Sets termination voltage to 15V
BATT:CURR	3A	; Sets discharge current to 3A
INP	ON	; Turns on the load, and start battery discharge operation
INP	OFF	; Turns off the load, and stop battery discharge operation
BATT	OFF	; Exits the battery discharge operation

4.10 Saving and Recalling

The operating procedures for saving and recalling operation are shown below:

- 1. Press and key + save key to enter into the saving menu, or press and key + key to enter into the recalling menu.
- **2.** Press Entry keys or the knob to select saving or recalling position.
- **3.** Press Enter key to confirm and exit the saving or recalling menu. If the saving is selected, the values of List 2-1 parameters will be saved in the specified location in EEPROM; if the recalling is selected, the values of List 2-1 parameters should be the values saved in specified location in EEPROM.

Example 1: Set the mode to CCL; set the current value to 2A; turn on the load; save the settings in Location 0 in EEPROM; the next time the load is turned on, these settings will become the

power-on settings.

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1	Set the mode to CCL; set the current value to 2A; turn on the load (0.000V 0.000A
	please refer to 4.5.1 for detailed operations).	2.000 <u>0</u> A CCL ON
2	2nd . 1	Save File
	Press 2nd key + 1save key to enter into the saving menu.	No. <u>1</u>
3	Press Entry keys or the knob to select the Location 0 for saving.	Save File
		No. <u>0</u>
4	Enter	0.000V 0.000A
	Press key to confirm and exit the load saving menu.	2.0000A CCL ON

For the above operating procedures, the corresponding SCPI commands should be:

MODE CCH; Sets the load to CCH status
CURR 2; Sets the current value to 2A

INP ON ; Turns on the loas

*SAV 0 ; Saves the present settings in Location 0 in EEPROM

Example 2: Based on the above example, set the mode to CV; set the voltage value to 40V; turn off the load; recall the values saved in Location 0 in EEPROM. The detailed operations are shown below:

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1	Set the mode to CV; set the voltage value to 40V; turn off the load	0.000V 0.000A
	(please refer to 4.5.2 section for detailed operations).	40.00 <u>0</u> V CV OFF
2	2nd 2	Recall File:
	Press 2nd key + 2 key to enter into the recalling menu.	No. <u>0</u>
3	Press Entry keys or the knob to select the recalled Location 0.	Recall File:
		No. <u>0</u>
4	- Enter	0.000V 0.000A
	Press key to confirm and return.	2.0000A CCL ON

For the above operating procedures, the corresponding SCPI commands should be:

MODE CV ; Sets the CV mode

VOLT 40; Sets the voltage value to 40V

INP OFF; Turns off the load

*RCL 0 ; Recalls the values saved in location 0 in EEPROM

4.11 Clearing Protection Settings

The operating procedures for clear protection settings are shown below:

1. Eliminate the reason that causes the protection status.

2. Press 2nd $key + \frac{Clear}{Prot Clear}$ key.

Example 1: Clear RV protection of the load. The detailed operations are shown below:

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1	Connect the power supply to the load again.	0.000V 0.0000A
		2.000 <u>0</u> A RV OFF

2	Durage 2nd Leave Clear Leave	0.000V	0.0000A
	Press ^{2nd} key + ^{local} key.	2.000 <u>0</u> A	CCL OFF

INP:PROT:CLE

; Clears the protection status

4.12 Error Messages

When an error occurs to the load, the operating procedures are shown below:

1. Press 2nd key + 3 key to display the error messages.

Example 1: When a wrong command is sent, the ERR annunciator will turn red. Check the error message. The detailed operations are shown below:

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1	Press 2nd key + 3 key to display the error message.	ERROR -103
2	If there are still erros that have not been examined, repeat the first operation.	
3	If all errors have been checked, the EER annunciator will be turned off. If repeat the first operation right now, display will shows "NO ERROR".	NO ERROR

For the above operating procedures, the corresponding SCPI commands should be:

SYST:ERR?

; Queries the error code and error messages

4.13 Triggered Operation

When the triggering mode is EXTernal, the triggered operations are shown below:

- 1. Set pending trigger function (please see 2.8 section for detailed introduction).
- 2. Initialize the trigger.
- 3. Press and key + Trigger key or trigger terminal (TRIG IN) to receive TTL falling edge, and a trigger occurs.

Example 1: Select "List" for the trigger function to trigger a sequence operation. The sequence is the one mentioned in Example 1 in 4.8.1 section. The detailed operations are shown below:

Steps	Operation Descriptions
Step1	Select "List" in main menu for the trigger function (please see
	4.14.6 for detailed introduction).
Step2	Send the command "INIT" or "INIT: CONT" to the load.
Step3	Press 2nd key + Trigger key or trigger terminal (TRIG IN) to receive TTL falling edge. The load's input will change accordingly when the sequence parameters are changed. Pressing 2nd key + Trigger key has the same effect as pressing 2nd key + 4 key at this time.

For the above operating procedures, the corresponding SCPI commands should be:

TRIG:FUNC LIST ; Selects "LIST" for trigger function

"INIT" ; Initialize the trigger TRIG ; A trigger occurs

4.14 Main Menu

The operating procedures for the main menu are shown below:

- 1. Press Menu key to enter into the main menu.
- 2. Use keys to select the menu item.
- 3. Use the knob or , keys to select the parameter; or use Entry keys or the knob together with keys to input set value. Press Revision key to exit the parameter modification or exit the main menu.
- 4. Press Enter key to confirm.
- 5. Press Press key to exit the main menu.

4.14.1 Loading Default Values

Example: Load the default values. The detailed operations are shown below:

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1	Menu	Load Default:
	Press key to enter into the main menu.	Yes *No
2	Use the knob or key to select the parameter "Yes". Press	Load Default:
	Use the knob or key to select the parameter "Yes". Press	*Yes No
	key to confirm.	
3	Press Red Char key to exit the main menu.	

4.14.2 Short Circuit Operation

Example: Short circuit operation in CV mode. The detailed operations are shown below:

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1	Menu 1	Load Default:
	Press key to enter into the main menu.	Yes *No
2	▼ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Short
	Use key to select the menu item "Short"; use the knob or	*On Off
	key to select the parameter "On". Press Enter key to confirm.	
3	Press Clear key to exit the main menu.	
4	Sat	0.000V 0.000A
	Press key to enter into the mode selection and parameter	0.000V sCV OFF

	setting menu; use , weys to select CV mode. Press Enter	
	key to confirm and exit the mode selection and parameter setting menu.	
5	Press Input key to turn on the load.	0.000V 0.000A 0.000V sCV ON

INP:SHORT ON ; Sets the load to short circuit

MODE CV ; Sets the mode INP ON ; Turns on the load

4.14.3 Von Point/Von Latch

Example: Set the Von Latch to Off; set Von Point to 1V; turn on the load; This example implements the automatic turning on/off of the load's input, which simplifies the test operations greatly. The detailed operations are shown below:

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1	Menu	Load Default:
	Press key to enter into the main menu.	Yes *No
2	II. ▼ 1	Von Latch:
	Use key to select the menu item "Von Latch"; use the knob	*On Off
	or key to select the parameter "Off". Press key to	
	confirm.	
3	II VI I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Von Point:
	Use key to select the menu item "Von Point"; use Entry keys	1.00 <u>0</u> V
	or the knob together with , keys to input the voltage	
	value. Press Enter key to confirm.	
4	Clear	0.000V 0.000A
	Press Revices key to exit the main menu.	0.00 <u>0</u> A CCH OFF
5	Press Input key to turn on the load.	0.000V 0.000A
	Press divers key to turn on the load.	0.00 <u>0</u> A CCH ON

For the above steps, the corresponding SCPI commands should be:

INP: LATC OFF; Disables the Von Latch

INP: LATC: VOLT 1; Sets the Von voltage point to 1V

INP ON ; Turns on the load

4.14.4 Current Limit in CV Mode

Example: Set the load to CV mode; set the voltage value to 2V; set the current limit value in CV mode (CV Curr Limit) to 20A; turn on the load. The detailed operations are shown below:

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display	
step1	Set the load to CV mode, and set the voltage value to 2V (please	0.000V	0.000A

	see 4.5.2 section for detailed operations)	2.00 <u>0</u> V CV OFF	
Step2	Menu 1	Load Default:	
	Press key to enter into the main menu.	Yes *No	
Step3	v V	CV Curr Limit:	
	Use key to select the menu item "CV Curr Limit"; use Entry	20.000A	
	keys or the knob together with , keys to input the		
	current limit value to 20A. Press Enter key to confirm.		
Step4	Clear	0.000V 0.000A	
	Press Revolution key to exit the main menu.	2.00 <u>0</u> A CCH OFF	
Step5	Input	0.000V 0.000A	
	Press Input key to turn on the load.	2.00 <u>0</u> A CCH ON	

MODE CV ; Sets the mode

VOLT 2; Sets the current value to 2V

INP:LIM:CURR 20A; Sets the current limit value to 20A in CV mode

INP ON ; Turns on the load

4.14.5 Current Rise/Fall Rate in CC Mode

Example: Set the load to CCH mode, set the current value to 2A; set the current rise rate (Curr Rise Rate) in CC mode to 0.002A/us; set the current fall rate (Curr Fall Rate) in CC mode to 0.005A/us; turn on the load; turn off the load. The detailed operations are shown below:

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1	Set the load to CCH mode, and set the current value to 2A.	0.000V 0.000A
		2.00 <u>0</u> A CCH OFF
2	Manu	Load Default:
	Press key to enter into the main menu.	Yes *No
3		Curr Rise Rate:
	Use wey to select the menu item "Curr Rise Rate"; use Entry	0.00 <u>2</u> A/us
	keys or the knob together with , be keys to input the	
	current value to 0.002A/us. Press Enter key to confirm.	
4	Use key to select the menu item "Curr Fall Rate"; use Entry	Curr Fall Rate:
		0.00 <u>5</u> A/us
	keys or the knob together with , keys to input the	
	current value to 0.005A/us. Press Enter key to confirm.	
5	Press Rey to exit the main menu.	0.000V 0.000A
	Press we key to exit the main menu.	2.00 <u>0</u> A CCH OFF
6	Press input on the load.	0.000V 0.000A
	Press on the load.	2.00 <u>0</u> A CCH ON

7		0.000V	0.000A
	Press key to turn off the load.	2.00 <u>0</u> A	CCH OFF

MODE CCH; Sets the mode

CURR 2; Sets the current value to 2A

CURR:RISE:RATE 0.002; Sets the current rise rate in CC mode to 0.002A/us CURR:FALL:RATE 0.005; Sets the current fall rate in CC mode to 0.005A/us

INP ON ; Turns on the load INP OFF ; Turns off the load

4.14.6 Trigger Function Selection

Example: Select "Tran" in trigger function selection (Trig Function).

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1	Menu 1	Load Default:
	Press key to enter into the main menu.	Yes *No
2		Trig Function:
	Use key to select the menu item "Trig Function"; use the	*Tran List
	knob or key to select the parameter "Tran". Press key	
	to confirm.	
3	Press Rey to exit the main menu.	0.000V 0.000A
	riess key to exit the main menu.	0.00 <u>0</u> A CCH OFF

For the above operating procedures, the corresponding SCPI commands should be:

TRIG:FUNC TRAN ; Selects transient operation (TRAN) for trigger function

4.14.7 Knob Function

Example: Enable the knob function.

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1	Manu	Load Default:
	Press key to enter into the main menu.	Yes *No
2	v. ▼	Knob:
	Use key to select the menu item "Knob"; use the knob or	*On Off
	key to select the parameter "On". Press Enter key to confirm.	
3	Press Process key to exit the main menu.	0.000V 0.000A
	Press work key to exit the main menu.	0.00 <u>0</u> A CCH OFF

4.14.8 Key Sound

Example: Enable the key sound.

Procedures	Operation Descriptions	Display
1	Manu	Load Default:
	Press key to enter into the main menu.	Yes *No
2		Key Sound:
	Use key to select the menu item "Key Sound"; use the knot	*On Off

	or key to select the parameter "On". Press to confirm.	
3	Press Regional Region R	0.000V 0.000A 0.00 <u>0</u> A CCH OFF

4.14.9 Communication Interface

Example 1: Select RS232 interface; set the baut rate to 9600; set parity check to None; set data bit to 8; set stop bit to 2; enable the flow control.

Steps	Operation Descriptions	Display
Step1	Press Menu key to enter into the main menu.	Load Default: Yes *No
Step2	Use key to select the menu item "Interface"; use the knob or	Interface: *RS232 USB GPIB
	key to select the parameter "RS232". Press Enter key to	
	confirm.	
Step3	Use ve key to select the menu item "Baud Rate"; use the knob	Baud Rate: *9600 19200
	or , keys to select the parameter "9600". Press Enter	
	key to confirm.	
Step4	Use we key to select the menu item "Parity Check"; use the	Parity Check: *None Even Odd
	knob or key to select the parameter "None". Press key	1,010
	to confirm.	
Step5	Use key to select the menu item "Data Bit"; use the knob or	Data Bit: *8 7
	key to select the parameter "8". Press Enter key to confirm.	
Step6	Use key to select the menu item "Stop Bit"; use the knob or	Stop Bit: 1 *2
	key to select the parameter "2". Press key to confirm.	
Step7	Use wey to select the menu item "Flow Control"; use the	Flow Control: *On Off
	knob or key to select the parameter "On". Press key to	
	confirm.	
Step8	Press Regular key to exit the main menu.	0.000V 0.000A 0.00 <u>0</u> A CCH OFF

Example 2: Select GPIB interface, set the address to 18.

Steps	Operation Descriptions	Display
Step1	Manu	Load Default:
	Press key to enter into the main menu.	Yes *No
Step2		Interface:
	Use key to select the menu item "Interface"; use the knob or	RS232 USB *GPIB
	key to select the parameter "GPIB". Press Enter key to	
	confirm.	
Step3	V	GPIB Address:
	Use key to select the menu item "GPIB Address"; use Entry	18
	keys or the knob together with, be keys to select the	
	parameter "18". Press key to confirm.	
Step4	Clear	0.000V 0.000A
	Press Revolute key to exit the main menu.	0.00 <u>0</u> A CCH OFF

Chapter5 Remote Programming Operation

ARRAY 372x Series Electronic Load supports both local operation and remote control. The previous chapter has introduced how to use the front panel keys and knobs to operate on the load. This chapter will introduce you to how to program the load from the remote controller. The similarities between local and remote programming will become apparent as you read this chapter.

The intent of this chapter is to help users quickly become familiar with remote programming operations. Programming examples given in this chapter use the SCPI commands in their simpliest form. Please refer to the "ARRAY 372x Series Electronic Load SCPI Programming Guide" for detailed introduction of all SCPI commands.

5.1 Communication Interface

5.1.1 RS232

RS232 interface is standard. Use the cable shipped with the load to connect the load to a computer correctly. Select RS232 interface in the MENU, and set the baud rate, parity, data bit, stop bit, and flow control parameters to be used. Set the same parameters in the software on the computer, and input the right SCPI command to operate the load.

5.1.2 USB

USB interface is optional. It can be used only when the load has installed USB communication module and the relevant driver has installed on the computer. Use USB cable to connect the load to a computer correctly. Select the USB interface in the MENU and input the right SCPI command to operate the load.

5.1.3 GPIB

GPIB is optional. It can be used only when the load has installed GPIB communication module and the relevant driver has installed on the computer. Use GPIB cable to connect the load to a computer correctly. Select the GPIB interface in the MENU, and set GPIB address. Each instrument you connect to the GPIB interface has a unique address assigned to it. Input the right SCPI command to operate the load.

5.2 Flow Control Selection

When RS232 interface is used, the flow control can be enabled or disabled. The load provides two options: ON and OFF. ON: enabling the flow control; OFF: disabling the flow control. When "OFF" is selected for flow control, the lower baut rate should be set to ensure normal communication.

5.3 Remote Control Annunciators

There is a REM annunciator on the front panel of the load. When the load receives the remote command (SYSTem:REMote) via RS232 or GPIB interface, the REM annunciator turns on. And the load enters remote control status. In this status, all operations on the load are controlled by the remote controller; the front panel keypad and knob has no effect (except and key + wey). The REM remote control annunciator turns off and the load returns to the local control after receiving the command to return to local control (e.g. SYSTem:LOCal). Or you can return the load to local control from remote control by pressing and key + wey.

5.4 Sending a Remote Command

You can use the computer to set operation mode and operation parameters remotely for the load.

5.5 Returning Data

The load can return the values of parameter settings, input voltage and current, as well as input power to computer. It can also return information relating to the internal operation and module identification. For example: the query command ("MEAS:CURR?") asks the load to return the actual current at the Input binding posts. Please refer to "ARRAY 372x Series Electronic Load SCPI Programming Guide" for detailed information on using query commands. The load stores the response to the query in an output buffer which will hold the information until it is read by the computer or is replaced with new information.

5.6 Remote Programming Commands

The SCPI commands have many optional key words for the programmer. Getting familiar with those key words will help you to know the programming better. Most of the commands have a query syntax which allows the present parameter settings to be returned to the controller. Please refer to "ARRAY 372x Series Electronic Load SCPI Programming Guide" for details. The load some functions can be programmed with a relatively few number of these commands. The following points are important to remember when you are remotely programming CC, CR, CV, and CP values.

5.6.1 Modes

The CC, CR, CV, and CP values can be programmed whether or not the associated mode is active. If the input is turned on, all of the applicable values will take effect at the input when the associated mode is selected.

5.6.2 Transient Levels

The transient CC, CV, or CR level must be set to a higher level than the respective low level, or the transient operation will be disabled.

5.6.3 Programmable Current Protection

When programmable current protection is enabled, and the programmed current limit and time delay are exceeded, the load`s input will be turned off.

5.7 CC Mode Examples

This example sets the current level to 0.5A, and then reads back the actual current value.

1 "INP OFF" ; Turns off the load`s input
2 "MODE CCL" ; Selects the CCL mode
3 "CURR 0.5" ; Sets current level to 0.5A
4 "INP ON" ; Turns on the load`s input

5 "MEAS:CURR?"; Measures the actual input current

5.8 CV Mode Examples

This example presets the trigger voltage to 5V, and selects the external trigger source.

1 "INP OFF" ; Turns off the load's input 2 "MODE CV" ; Selects the CV mode

3 "VOLT:TRIG 5"; Presets the trigger voltage to 5V

4 "TRIG:SOUR EXT"; Selects the external input as the trigger source

5"INP ON"; Turns on the load's input

In this example, when the external trigger signal is received, the input voltage will be set to 5V.

5.9 CR Mode Examples

This example sets the current protection limit to 3A, sets the time delay to 10s, programs the resistance level to $10\,\Omega$, and reads back the computed power.

"INP OFF" ; Turns off the load's input
 "MODE CRM" ; Selects the CRM mode

3. "CURR:PROT 3"; Sets the current protection limit to 3A

4. "CURR:PROT:DEL 10"; Sets the current protection dealy time to 10 seconds

5. "CURR:PROT:STAT ON" ; Activates the current protection 6 "RES 10" ; Sets resistance level to $10\,\Omega$ 7. "INP ON" ; Turns on the load's input 8. "MEAS:POW?" ; Measures the input power level

5.10 Continuous Transient Operation Example

This example sets CV transient high/low levels, times for transient rising/falling edge, high/low level times, and parameters for transient operation.

1 "INP OFF" ; Turns off the load`s input

2 "MODE CV" ; Selects the CV mode

3 "VOLT:LOW 0.5" ; Sets the transient low level to 0.5V 4 "VOLT:HIGH 1" ; Sets the transient high level to 1V 5 "TRAN:LTIM 200us" ; Sets transient low level time to 200us 6 "TRAN:HTIM 300us" ; Sets transient high level time to 300us

7 "TRAN:RTIM 10us" ; Sets the time for transient rising edge to 10us 8 "TRAN:FTIM 20us" ; Sets the time for transient falling edge to 20us 9 "TRAN:MODE CONT" ; Selects the continuous transient operation

10 "TRAN ON" ; Activates the transient operation

11 "INP ON" ; Turns on the load`s input

5.11 Pulsed Transient Operation Example

This example selects CV pulsed transient operation, selects the bus as the trigger source, and programs a pulse width of 1 millisecond.

1 "INP OFF" ; Turns off the load`s input

2 "MODE CV" ; Selects the CV mode

3 "TRIG:SOUR BUS" ; Selects the bus as the trigger source
4 "VOLT LOW 0.5" ; Sets the transient low level to 0.5V
5 "VOLT:HIGH 1" ; Sets the transient high level to 1V
6 "TRAN:HTIM 1ms" ; Sets transient high level time to 1ms

7 "TRAN:RTIM 10us" ; Sets the time for transient rising edge to 10us 8 "TRAN:FTIM 10us" ; Sets the time for transient falling edge to 10us

9 "TRAN:MODE PULSE" ; Selects the pulsed transient operation 10 "TRAN ON" ; Activates the transient operation

11 "INP ON" ; Turns on the load`s input 12 "INIT" ; Initialize the trigger

13 "*TRG" ; *TRG command generates a 1millisecond high-level pulse at the

load's input

Specifications

(The warm-up time is 30 minutes. Specifications indicate warranted performance in the $25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ region of the total temperature range.)

Model	3720A	3721A
Input Ratings		

Current	0~30A	0~40A
Voltage	0~80V	0~80V
Power*1	250W at 40°C	400W at 40°C
Input Characteristics		
Input Characteristics	8. 3V 8. 3V 0. 6V 0 3. 1A 30A	80V 10V 0. 6V 0 5A 40A
Minimum Operation Voltage @ Full Scale Current	0.6V	0.6V
Constant Current Mode		
Low Range	0~3A	0~4A
Resolution	0.1mA	0.1mA
Accuracy	0.1%+5mA	0.1%+5mA
High Range	0~30A	0~40A
Resolution	1mA	1mA
Accuracy	0.1%+10mA	0.1%+10mA
Constant Voltage Mode		
Range	$0\sim\!80\mathrm{V}$	0~80V
Resolution	1mV	1mV
Accuracy	0.1%+10mV	0.1%+10mV
Constant Resistance Mode	,	
Low Range	$0.02 \sim 2\Omega$	$0.02{\sim}2\Omega$
Resolution	$0.1 \mathrm{m}\Omega$	$0.1 \mathrm{m}\Omega$
Accuracy @I>4A	$0.5\%+12\text{m}\Omega$	0.5%+12mΩ
Middle Range Resolution Accuracy @V>8V	2~200Ω 8.6uS*² 0.3%+1.25mS	2~200Ω 8.6uS 0.3%+1.25mS
High Range	20~2000Ω	20~2000Ω
Resolution	0.96uS	0.96uS
Accuracy @V>8V	0.3%+0.625mS	0.3%+0.625mS
Constant Power Mode		1

Range	0~250W	0~400W
Resolution @P<100W	1mW	1mW
@P≥100W	10mW	10mW
Accuracy	0.2%+600mW	0.2%+600mW
Current Measurement		
Law Danga	0~3A	0~4A
Low Range Resolution	0~3A 0.1mA	0.1mA
Accuracy	0.11mA 0.05%+4mA	0.11mA 0.05%+4mA
Accuracy	0.037014IIIA	0.037014IIIA
High Range	0~30A	0~40A
Resolution	1mA	1mA
Accuracy	0.05%+8mA	0.05%+8mA
Voltage Measurement		
Range	0~80V	0~80V
Resolution	1mV	1mV
Accuracy	0.1%+8mV	0.1%+8mV
Power Measurement		
Range	0~250W	0~400W
Resolution @P<100W	1mW	1mW
@P≥100W	10mW	10mW
Accuracy	0.1%+600mW	0.1%+600mW
Current Slew Rates		
Range CCH	1mA/us~3A/us	1mA/us~4A/us
CCL*3	100uA/us~300mA/us	100uA/us~400mA/us
Resolution	1mA/us	1mA/us
Accuracy *4	3% + 10us	3% + 10us
Transient Operation		
Transient Mode	Continuous, Pulse, Toggled	Continuous, Pulse, Toggled
Frequency Range *5	0.38Hz~50kHz	0.38Hz~50kHz
High/Low Time	0~655.35ms	0~655.35ms
Resolution	10us	10us
Accuracy	0.2%+10us	0.2%+10us
Rising/Falling Time	10us~655.35ms	10us~655.35ms
Resolution	10us~033.33ms 10us	10us~033.33ms
Accuracy	0.2%+10us	0.2%+10us
	0.270 1003	0.270 1003
List Characteristics		

Step Time	10us~100000s	10us~100000s
Resolution	10us	10us
Accuracy	0.2%+10us	0.2%+10us
Number of Steps	1~50	1~50
Cycle	1~65535	1~65535
Store Capacity	7 lists	7 lists
Expanded Functions	Chain	Chain
Battery Discharge		
Discharge Time	1s~100h	1s~100h
Resolution	1s	1s
Accuracy	0.2%+1s	0.2%+1s
Battery Capacity	1mAh~3000Ah	1mAh~4000Ah
Resolution	1mAh	1mAh
Accuracy	0.3%+0.01Ah	0.3%+0.01Ah
Short Circuit		
CCL Mode	3.3A	4.4A
CCH Mode	33A	44A
CV Mode	0V	0V
CRL Mode	0.018Ω	0.018Ω
CRM Mode	1.8Ω	1.8Ω
CRH Mode	18Ω	18Ω
CPV Mode	270W	420W
CPC Mode	$0 \mathrm{W}$	0W
Maximum Slew Rate		
Current	3A/us	4A/us
Voltage	0.6V/us	0.6V/us
Programmable Open Circuit	$\geq 20 \mathrm{k}\Omega$	≥20kΩ
Trigger Input		
Trigger Level	TTL falling edge	TTL falling edge
Trigger Pulse Width	≥10us	≥10us
Maximum DC Input		
Current	33A	44A
Voltage	84V	84V
Protection Features	OV, OC,OP, OT, RV	OV, OC,OP, OT, RV
Reverse Current Capacity		
Input OFF	25A	30A
Input ON	40A	50A
Ripple and Noise		
Current(rms/p-p)	3mA/30mA	3mA/30mA
Voltage(rms)	5mV	5mV

Environmental Conditions		
Temperature	0~50°C	0~50°C
Relative Humidity	≤85%	≤85%
Remote Interface*6	RS232, GPIB, USB	RS232, GPIB, USB
Programming Language	SCPI	SCPI
AC Input		
Voltage	AC110V or AC220V±15%	AC110V or AC220V±15%
Frequency	48 to 63Hz	48 to 63Hz
Net Weight	5.8kg	5.8kg

Model	3722A	3723A
Input Ratings		
Current	0~20A	0~30A
Voltage	0~200V	0~200V
Power*1	200W at 40°C	350W at 40°C
Input Characteristics		
Input Characteristics	200V 1. 2V 0 1A 20A I	200V 350W 11. 7V 1. 2V 0 1. 75A 30A
Minimum Operation Voltage @ Full Scale Current	1.2V	1.2V
Constant Current Mode		
Low Range	0~2A	0~3A
Resolution	0.1mA	0.1mA
Accuracy	0.1%+5mA	0.1%+5mA
High Range Resolution Accuracy	0~20A 1mA 0.1%+10mA	0~30A 1mA 0.1%+10mA
Constant Voltage Mode		
Range	0~200V	0~200V
Resolution	2mV	2mV
Accuracy	0.1%+25mV	0.1%+25mV
Constant Resistance Mode		

Low Range Resolution Accuracy @I>3A	$0.0666{\sim}6.66\Omega$ $0.1{\rm m}\Omega$ $0.5\%{+}40{\rm m}\Omega$	0.0666 \sim 6.66 Ω 0.1 mΩ 0.5 %+ 40 mΩ
Middle Range Resolution Accuracy @V>20V	6. 66~666 Ω 2.6uS 0.3%+375uS	6. 66~666 Ω 2.6uS 0.3%+375uS
High Range Resolution Accuracy @V>20V	66. 6~6660 Ω 0.29uS 0.3%+188uS	66. 6~6660 Ω 0.29uS 0.3%+188uS
Constant Power Mode		
Range Resolution @P<100W @P≥100W	0~200W 1mW 10mW	0~350W 1mW 10mW
Accuracy	0.2%+600mW	0.2%+600mW
Current Measurement		
Low Range	0~2A	0~3A
Resolution Accuracy	0.1mA 0.05%+4mA	0.1mA 0.05%+4mA
High Range	0~20A	0~30A
Resolution	1mA	1mA
Accuracy	0.05%+8mA	0.05%+8mA
Voltage Measurement		
Range	0~200V	0~200V
Resolution	1mV	1mV
Accuracy	0.1%+50mV	0.1%+50mV
Power Measurement		
Range	0~200W	0~350W
Resolution @P<100W	1mW	1mW
@P≥100W	10mW	10mW
Accuracy	0.1%+600mW	0.1%+600mW
Current Slew Rates		
Range CCH	1mA/us~2A/us	1mA/us∼3A/us
CCL*3	100uA/us~200mA/us	100uA/us~300mA/us
Resolution	1mA/us	1mA/us
Accuracy *4	3% + 10us	3% + 10us
Transient Operation		
Transient Mode	Continuous, Pulse, Toggled	Continuous, Pulse, Toggled

Frequency Range *5	0.38Hz~50kHz	0.38Hz~50kHz
High/Low Time	0~655.35ms	0~655.35ms
Resolution	10us	10us
Accuracy	0.2%+10us	0.2%+10us
Rising/Falling Time	10us~655.35ms	10us~655.35ms
Resolution	10us	10us
Accuracy	0.2%+10us	0.2%+10us
List Characteristics		
Step Time	10us~100000s	10us~100000s
Resolution	10us	10us
Accuracy	0.2%+10us	0.2%+10us
Number of Steps	1~50	1~50
Cycle	1~65535	1~65535
Store Capacity	7 lists	7 lists
Expanded Functions	Chain	Chain
Battery Discharge		
Discharge Time	1s~100h	1s~100h
Resolution	1s	1s
Accuracy	0.2%+1s	0.2%+1s
Battery Capacity	1mAh~2000Ah	1mAh~3000Ah
Resolution	1mAh	1mAh
Accuracy	0.3%+0.01Ah	0.3%+0.01Ah
Short Circuit		
CCL Mode	2.2A	3.3A
CCH Mode	22A	33A
CV Mode	OV	OV
CRL Mode	0.06Ω	0.06Ω
CRM Mode	6Ω	6Ω
CRH Mode	60Ω	60Ω
CPV Mode	220W	370W
CPC Mode	OW	OW
Maximum Slew Rate		
Current	2A/us	3A/us
Voltage	0.6V/us	0.6V/us
Programmable Open Circuit	≥20kΩ	≥20kΩ
Trigger Input		
Trigger Level	TTL falling edge	TTL falling edge
Trigger Pulse Width	≥10us	≥10us

Maximum DC Input		
Current	22A	33A
Voltage	210V	210V
Protection Features	OV, OC,OP, OT, RV	OV, OC,OP, OT, RV
Reverse Current Capacity		
Input OFF	25A	25A
Input ON	35A	40A
Ripple and Noise		
Current(rms/p-p)	3mA/30mA	3mA/30mA
Voltage(rms)	5mV	5mV
Environmental Conditions		
Temperature	0~50°C	0~50°C
Relative Humidity	≤85%	≤85%
Remote Interface*6	RS232, GPIB, USB	RS232, GPIB, USB
Programming Language	SCPI	SCPI
AC Input		
Voltage	AC110V or AC220V±15%	AC110V or AC220V±15%
Frequency	48 to 63Hz	48 to 63Hz
Net Weight	5.8kg	5.8kg

Model	3724A
Input Ratings	
Current	0∼20A
Voltage	0∼500V
Power*1	250W at 40°C
Input Characteristics	
Input Characteristics	12. 5V 1. 2V 0 0. 5A 20A
Minimum Operation Voltage	2V
@ Full Scale Current	21
Constant Current Mod	e
Low Range	$0{\sim}2A$
Resolution	0.1mA
Accuracy	0.1%+5mA

l 1 -	0.001	
High Range	$0\sim$ 20A	
Resolution	1mA	
Accuracy	0.1%+10mA	
Constant Voltage Mode		
Range	$0\sim$ 500V	
Resolution	5mV	
Accuracy	0.1%+62.5mV	
Constant Resistance Mode		
Low Range	$0.125{\sim}12.5\Omega$	
Resolution	$0.1 \mathrm{m}\Omega$	
Accuracy @I>2A	$0.5\%+150\mathrm{m}\Omega$	
Middle Range	12.5~1250Ω	
Resolution	13.8uS	
Accuracy@V>50V	0.3%+1mS	
High Range	$125{\sim}12500\Omega$	
Resolution	1.54uS	
Accuracy@V>50V	0.3%+0.5mS	
Constant Power Mode	0.0 / 0 0.0 1.2.2	
Range	0∼250W	
Resolution@P<100W	1mW	
@P≥100W	10mW	
Accuracy	0.2%+600mW	
Current Measurement		
Low Range	0~2A	
Resolution	0.1mA	
Accuracy	0.05%+4mA	
High Range	0∼20A	
Resolution	1mA	
Accuracy	0.05%+8mA	
Voltage Measurement		
Range	0∼500V	
Resolution	1mV	
Accuracy	0.1%+200mV	
Power Measurement		
Range	0∼250W	
Resolution@P<100W	1mW	
@P≥100W	10mW	
Accuracy	0.1%+600mW	
Current Slew Rate	0.1 /0 · 000HI W	
	1mA/us~2A/us	
Range CCH CCL*3	$100 \text{uA/us} \sim 200 \text{mA/us}$	
Resolution	1mA/us	

Accuracy*4	3% + 10us	
Transient Operation		
Transient Mode	Continuous, Pulse, Toggled	
Frequency Range*5	0.38Hz~50kHz	
High/Low Time	0∼655.35ms	
Resolution	10us	
Accuracy	0.2%+10us	
Rising/Falling Time	10us∼655.35ms	
Resolution	10us	
Accuracy	0.2%+10us	
List Operation		
Step Time	10us~100000s	
Resolution	10us	
Accuracy	0.2%+10us	
Number of Steps	1~50	
Cycle	1~65535	
Storage Capacity	7 lists	
Expanded Functions	Chain	
Battery Discharge		
Discharge Time	1s∼100h	
Resolution	1s	
Accuracy	0.2%+1s	
Battery Capacity	1mAh∼2000Ah	
Resolution	1mAh	
Accuracy	0.3%+0.01Ah	
Short Circuit Operation		
CCL Mode	2.2A	
CCH Mode	22A	
CV Mode	0V	
CRL Mode	0.12Ω	
CRM Mode	12Ω	
CRH Mode	120Ω	
CPV Mode	270W	
CPC Mode	0W	
Maximum Slew Rate		
Current	2A/us	
Voltage	0.6V/us	
Open-circuit Resistance	≥20kΩ	
Trigger Input		-
Trigger Level	TTL falling edge	
Trigger Pulse Width	≥10us	
Maximum DC Input		

22A
525V
OC, OV, OT, OP, RV
city
25A
35A
3mA/30mA
30mV
ons
0∼50°C
≤85%
RS232, GPIB, USB
SCPI
AC110V or AC220V±15%
48 to 63Hz
5.8kg

- *1. Maximum continuous power available is derated linearly from 100% of maximum at 40°C, to 75% of maximum at 50 °C.
- *2. Conductance (S) = 1 / Resistance (Ω). The siemens is the SI derived unit of conductance, and the symbol is "S".
- *3. The set level is 10 times larger than the slew rate in CCL mode.
- *4. The actual transition time is defined as the time required for the input to change from 10% to 90% or from 90% to 10% of the programmed excursion.
- *5. Transient frequency depends on the time for high/low level and rising/falling edge.
- *6. Full remote control via RS232 with optional GPIB and USB.

