取扱説明書 INSTRUCTION MANUAL





デジタルクランプメータ DIGITAL CLAMP METER

KEW SNAP SERIES

MODEL 2002 PA 2002 R



K 共立電気計器株式会社 KYORITSU ELECTRICAL INSTRUMENTS WORKS, LTD.

Contents

ENGLISH

1. Safety Warnings ······26
2. Features
3. Specifications
3-1 MODEL 2002PA29
3-2 MODEL 2002R
4. Instrument Layout ······34
5. Preparation for Measurement
5 – 1 Battery Voltage Check ······ 35
5 – 2 Checking Switch Setting and Operation
6. Measurement
6 - 1 Current Measurement 36
6 – 2 Voltage Measurement 38
6 – 3 Resistance Measurement ······39
7. Notes on Functions
7 – 1 Data Hold41
7 – 2 Sleep Function41
7 – 3 Output for Recorder ·····42
7 – 4 Mode Switching Function ······43
8. Battery Replacement ······44
9. Optional Accessories ······45

1. Safety Warnings

○This instrument has been designed and tested according to IEC Publication 61010; Safety Requirements for Electronic Measuring Apparatus. This instruction manual contains warnings and safety rules which must be observed by the user to ensure safe operation of the instrument and to retain it in safe condition. Therefore, read through these operating instructions before starting using the instrument.

- Read through and understand instructions contained in this manual before starting to use the instrument.
- Save and keep the manual handy to enable quick reference whenever necessary.
- •Be sure to use the instrument only in its intended applications and to follow measurement procedures described in the manual.
- •Be sure to understand and follow all safety instructions contained in the manual.

Be sure to observe the above instructions.

Failure to follow the above instructions may cause injury, instrument damage and/or damage to equipment under test.

○The symbol ▲ indicated on the instrument means that the user must refer to related parts in the manual for safe operation of the instrument. Be sure to carefully read the instructions following each ▲ symbol in this manual.

DANGER is reserved for conditions and actions that are likely to cause serious or fatal injury.

- WARNING is reserved for conditions and actions that can cause serious or fatal injury.
- **CAUTION** is reserved for conditions and actions that can cause minor injury or instrument damage.

 Never make measurement on the circuit above 750VAC or 1000VDC. Do not attempt to make measurement in the presence of flammable gasses, fumes, vapor or dust. Otherwise, the use of the instrument may cause sparking, which can lead to an explosion. Transformer jaw tips are designed not to short the circuit under test. If equipment under test has exposed conductive parts, however, extra precaution should be taken to minimize the possibility of shorting. Never attempt to use the instrument if its surface or your hand is wet. Do not exceed the maximum allowable input of any measurement range. Never open the battery compartment cover and the instrument case 				
when making Verify prop	g measurement. er operation on a known source before use or taking result of the indication of the instrument.			
	npt to make any measurement if any abnormal conditions such as broken case, cracked test leads and exposed			
	the function selector switch with test leads connected to			
	tall substitute parts or make any modification to the Return the instrument to your distributor for repair or re-			
Always swite	replace the batteries if the surface of the instrument is wet. ch off the instrument and make sure to disconnect test leads ing the battery compartment cover for battery replacement.			
	ke sure to check the function selector switch is set to an			

- apprópriate position before starting measurement. Always make sure to insert the plug of each lead fully into the
- appropriate terminal on the instrument. Be sure to set the function selector switch to the "OFF" position after use. When the instrument will not be in use for a long period, place it in storage after removing the batteries.
- Do not expose the instrument to the direct sun, high temperature or dew fall.
- •Use a cloth dipped in water or neutral detergent for cleaning the instrument. Do not use abrasives or solvents.

2. Features

- Tear-drop-shaped jaws for ease of use in crowded cable areas and other tight places.
- Accurate true-RMS reading of AC current or voltage with distorted waveform (MODEL2002R)
- Provides a wide measuring range from 0 up to 2000A.
- Terminal cover to avoid the use of an incorrect terminal.
- Measures current variation as short as 10 msec with peak-hold feature.
- Provides output to a chart recorder for current variation recording.
- Designed to international safety standards.
 IEC61010-1 (CAT. III 600V /CAT. II 1000V Pollution degree 2)
 IEC61010-031, IEC61010-2-032
- Data hold function to allow easy readings in dimly lit or hard-to-read locations.
- Sleep feature to conserve battery power.
- Permits easy continuity check with a beeper.
- Provides a dynamic range of 4,000 counts full scale.
- Provides wide measuring range of voltage and resistance in autoranging.
- •Wide frequency range from 40Hz to 1kHz (Current measuring range: 0-1500A).
- Transformer jows fitted with guard to further improve safety.
- Protected throughout by double or reinforced insulation "
 .

3. Specifications

3-1 MODEL 2002PA

•Measuring Ranges and Accuracy(at $23\pm5\degree$, relative humidity 45-75%) AC Current \sim 400 A, \sim 2000 A

Range	Measuring Range	Resolution	Accuracy (Frequency Range)	Maximum Measurement Time
400 A	0~400.0 A	0.1 A	±1.0%rdg±3dgt(50/60Hz) ±2.0%rdg±3dgt(40~1 kHz)	Continuous
	0~1000A		±1.0%rdg±3dgt(50/60Hz)	
2000 A	1000~1500 A	1 A	$\pm 3.0\%$ rdg ± 3 dgt(40 ~ 1 kHz)	15min
	1500~2000 A		±3.0%rdg (50/60Hz)	5 min

AC Voltage (\sim V) Auto-ranging

Range	Measuring Range	Resolution	Accuracy (Frequency Range)
40 V	0~40.00V	0.01 V	±1.0%rdg±2dgt(50/60Hz)
400 V	15.0~400.0 V	0.1 V	$\pm 1.5\%$ rdg ± 3 dgt(40 ~ 1 kHz)
750 V	150~750 V	1 V	· · /

Initially set to the 40V range. Input impedance is about $1M\,\Omega$.

DC Voltage (____ V) Auto-ranging

Range	Measuring Range	Resolution	Accuracy
40 V	0∼±40.00∨	0.01 V	
400 V	±15.0~±400.0V	0.1 V	$\pm 1.0\%$ rdg ± 2 dgt
1000 V	±150~±1000V	1 V	

Initially set to the 40V range. Input impedance is about $1M\Omega$.

Resistance(Auto-ranging)

Range	Measuring Range	Resolution	Accuracy
400 Ω	0~400.0Ω	0.1Ω	
4kΩ	0.150~4.000kΩ	1Ω	±1.5%rdg±2dgt
40k Ω	1.50~40.00kΩ	10Ω	
400k Ω	15.0~400.0kΩ	100 Ω	

Initially set to the 400 Ω range. In the continuity check mode, fixed to the 400 Ω range and when the reading is not more than $50{\pm}35\,\Omega$, the buzzer beeps.

OUTPUT (AC Current Ranges)

DC Output: 100.0mV per 1000 counts (Output impedance: about 10kΩ)

Range	Output Voltage/Measuring Range	Accuracy (Frequency Range)
400 A	0~400.0mV/0~400A	±1.5%rdg±0.5mV(50/60Hz)
		$\pm 2.5\%$ rdg ± 0.5 mV (40 ~ 1 kHz)
2000 A	0~150.0mV/0~1500A	±1.5%rdg±0.5mV(50/60Hz)
		$\pm 3.5\%$ rdg ± 0.5 m V (40 ~ 1 kHz)
	150.0~200.0mV/1500~2000A	±3.5%rdg (50/60Hz)

Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)

EN61000-4-3 Radiated RF electromagnetic field immunity

RF field strength = $\leq = 1 V/m$, total accuracy : specified accuracy

RF field strength = 3V/m, total accuracy : specified accuracy + 2 % of range

Operating SystemDisplay

Low Battery Warning

Overrange Indication

Response TimeSleep function

Data Hold

 Operating Environmental conditions
 Storage Temperature and Humidity
 Operating Temperature

 Operating remperature and Humidity
 Conductor Size

Overload Protection

Withstand Voltage

Insulation Resistance

Safety Standard

Dimensions
Weight
Power Source
Current Consumption

Accessories

Optional Accessories

Dual Integration

Liquid crystal display with a maximum count of 4000

"BATT" symbol is displayed on the digital display.

"OL" is displayed where input exceeds the upper limit of a range

Approx. 2 seconds

Automatically powered down in about 10 minutes after the last switch operation Available in all ranges provided the peak

measurement mode is deactivated.

indoor use

altitude up to 2000m

 $-20\sim60^\circ$ C, relative humidity up to 85% without condensation

0~40°C, relative humidity up to 85% without condensation

without condensation

Approx. 54.5mm diameter max.

2400A AC for 10sec

1200V AC/DC for 10sec

600V AC for 10sec

5320V AC for 5 seconds between electrical circuit and housing cases or metal parts of jaws

 $10M\,\Omega$ or greater at 1000V between electrical circuit and housing cases or metal parts of jaws

IEC 61010-1: Measurement CAT. II 600V/CAT. II 1000V, pollution degree 2.

247(L)×105(W)×49(D)mm

Approx. 470g(battery included)

Two R6P(DC1.5V) batteries or equivalent Approx. 5mA max. (Approx. 20μ A in the sleep mode)

Test leads M-7107 Two R6P batteries

Instruction manual

Recorder Output Plug M-8201

Commission and M 0004

Carrying case M-9094 Multi-Tran M-8008

Output Probe M-7014, etc.

3 - 2 MODEL 2002R

• Measuring Ranges and Accuracy(at $23\pm5^{\circ}$, relative humidity 45-75%) AC Current \sim 400 A, \sim 2000 A (9 counts or less is corrected to 0)

Range	Measuring Range	Resolution			Maximum Measurement Time
400 A	0~400.0A	0.1A	\pm 1.5%rdg \pm 3dgt		
400 A		0.17	$\pm 2.5\%$ rdg ± 3 dgt	(40~1kHz)	Continuous
	0~1000A		$\pm 2.0\%$ rdg ± 5 dgt		
2000 A	1000~1500 A	1 A	$\pm 3.0\%$ rdg ± 5 dgt	(40~1kHz)	15min
	1500~2000 A	1	±4.0%rdg	(50/60Hz)	5 min

AC Voltage (~V) Auto-ranging (9 counts or less is corrected to 0)

Range	Measuring Range	Resolution	Accuracy (Frequency Range)
40 V	0~40.00 V	0.01 V	±1.0%rdg±2dgt(45~65Hz)
400 V	15.0~400.0V	0.1 V	$\pm 1.5\%$ rdg ± 3 dgt(40 ~ 1 kHz)
750 V	150~750 V	1 V	

Initially set to the 40V range. Input impedance is about 1M Q.

When approx.300V or more is applied to the instrument instantaneously, the measured value is indicated on 750V range.

DC Voltage (____ V) Auto-ranging

Range	Measuring Range	Resolution	Accuracy
40 V	0 ~±40.00 V	0.01 V	
400 V	±15.0~±400.0V	0.1 V	±1.0%rdg±2dgt
1000 V	±150~±1000V	1 V	

Initially set to the 40V range. Input impedance is about 1M Q.

Resistance(Auto-ranging)

Range	Measuring Range	Resolution	Accuracy
400 Ω	0~400.0Ω	0.1Ω	
4kΩ	0.150~4.000kΩ	1Ω	±1.5%rdg±2dgt
40k Ω	1.50~40.00kΩ	10Ω	
400kΩ	15.0~400.0kΩ	100Ω	

Initially set to the 400 Ω range. In the continuity check mode, fixed to the 400 Ω range and when the reading is not more than $50\pm35\,\Omega$, the buzzer beeps.

OUTPUT (AC Current Ranges)

DC Output: 100.0mV per 1000 counts (Output impedance: about $10k\Omega$)

Range	Output Voltage/Measuring Range	
400 A	0~400.0mV/0~400A	±2.0%rdg±0.5mV(45~65Hz)
		$\pm 3.0\%$ rdg ± 0.5 mV (40 \sim 1kHz)
2000 A	0~150.0mV/0~1500A	$\pm 2.5\%$ rdg ± 0.5 mV (45 ~ 65 Hz)
		$\pm 3.5\%$ rdg ± 0.5 mV (40 \sim 1kHz)
	150.0~200.0mV/1500~2000A	±4.5%rdg (50/60Hz)

●CF (Crest Factor) CF=3 or less accuracy+1% (45~65Hz), less than AC3000A/AC1200V Peak Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) EN61000-4-2 Electrostatic discharge immunity(ESD) Performance criteria B

Operating SystemDisplay

Low Battery Warning

Overrange Indication

Response TimeSleep function

Data Hold

 Operating Environmental conditions
 Storage Temperature and Humidity
 Operating Temperature

and Humidity Conductor Size

Overload Protection

Withstand Voltage

Insulation Resistance

Safety Standard

Dimensions
Weight
Power Source
Current Consumption

Accessories

Optional Accessories

Dual Integration

Liquid crystal display with a maximum count of 4000

"BATT" symbol is displayed on the digital display.

"OL" is displayed where input exceeds the upper limit of a range

Approx. 2 seconds (at full scale)

Automatically powered down in about 10 minutes after the last switch operation Available in all ranges provided the peak

measurement mode is deactivated.

altitude up to 2000m

 $-20\sim60^{\circ}$ C, relative humidity up to 85% without condensation

 $0 \sim 40^{\circ}$ C, relative humidity up to 85%

without condensation

Approx. 54.5mm diameter max.

2400A AC for 10sec

1200V AC/DC for 10sec

600V AC for 10sec

5320V AC for 5 seconds between electrical circuit and housing cases or metal parts of jaws

 $50M\Omega$ or greater at 1000V between electrical circuit and housing cases or metal parts of jaws

IEC 61010-1: Measurement CAT. III 600V/CAT. II 1000V, pollution degree 2.

247(L)×105(W)×49(D)mm

Approx. 470g(battery included)

Two R6P(DC1.5V) batteries or equivalent Approx. 10mA max. (Approx. 20μ A in the sleep mode)

Test leads M-7107 Two R6P batteries

Instruction manual

Recorder Output Plug M-8201

Carrying case M-9094

Multi-Tran M-8008

Output Probe M-7014, etc.

*Effective Value (RMS)

Most alternating currents and voltages are expressed in effective values, which are also referred to as RMS (Root-Mean-Square) values. The effective value is the square root of the average of square of alternating current or voltage values.

Many clamp meters using a conventional rectifying circuit have "RMS" scales for AC measurement. The scales are, however, actually calibrated in terms of the effective value of a sine wave though the clamp meter is responding to the average value. The calibration is done with a conversion factor of 1.111 for sine wave, which is found by dividing the effective value by the average value. These instruments are therefore in error if the input current has some other shape than sine wave.

Waveform	EthioSive wahat Miriti	Average volue Vavy	Conversion factor Vano/Yowg	Detailing revenue. Nor sectings sector sy- matheriseries	Creat tactor CF
	1 √2 ↓0.707	$\frac{2}{\pi}$ A ≈ 0.637	$\frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{2}}$ + 1.111	0%	√2 4 1.414
A	۸		10	A 21300 A A 2100 - 111.154	1
	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}A$	0.5A	2 √3 ⇒ 1.155	15000000000000000000000000000000000000	√3 ≒ 1.732
	A√D	$A \frac{f}{T}$ - A · D	$\frac{A\sqrt{D}}{AD} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{D}}$	(1.11140 -1) ×100%	$\frac{A}{JAD} = \frac{1}{JD}$

*CF (Crest Factor) is found by dividing the peak value by the effective value. Examples:

Sine wave: CF=1.414

Square wave with a 1:9 duty ratio: CF=3

4. Instrument Layout



5. Preparation for Measurement

5-1 Checking Battery Voltage

- ①Set the function selector switch to any position other than "OFF".
- 2When the display is clear without "BATT" showing, proceed to measurement.
- (3)When the display blanks or "BATT" is indicated, replace the batteries according to section 8: battery replacement.

NOTE

It is possible that display is kept in blank while the function selector switch is set to a position other than "OFF". This is due to sleep function which automatically powers the instrument down in a certain period of time after the last switch operation. To operate the instrument in this case, set the switch back to the "OFF" position, then to the desired position, or press any button.

5 – 2 Checking Switch Setting and Operation

Make sure that the function selector switch is set to the correct position, the instrument is set to the correct mode and the data hold function is deactivated. Otherwise, desired measurement cannot be made. (See section 6 for measurement instructions and section 7 for notes on functions.)

6. Measurement

6-1 Current Measurement





- 6 1 1 AC Current Measurement (Normal Mode)
 - \bigcirc Set the function selector switch to the "~400A" or "~2000A" position and make sure that the current under test does not exceed the upper limit of the measuring range you are selecting.
 - ②Press the trigger to open the transformer jaws and clamp them onto the conductor under test.

3 Take the reading on the display.

NOTE

- During current measurement, keep the transformer jaws fully closed. Otherwise, accurate measurement cannot be made. The maximum measurable conductor size is 54.5mm in diameter.
- When measuring a larger current, the transformer jaws may buzz. This is not a fault and does not affect the accuracy at all.

6 – 1 – 2 Peak Current Measurement

(1)Set the function selector switch to the " \sim 400A" or " \sim 2000A" position.

- ②Press the mode switch to select the peak mode. "PEAK" will be shown on the display.
- ③Press the trigger to open the transformer jaws and clamp them onto the conductor under test. Then, press the reset switch.
- (4) The display shows the current's crest value divided by the square root of two. Therefore, when the current is sinusoidal, the reading equals RMS value.
- (5)To reset the display, press the reset switch.

(Note: When this is done, the reading goes off for about one second.)

INPUT Current

Peak Hold



⑥After the measurement is over, press the mode switch to return to the normal mode.

NOTE

In the peak measurement mode, the data hold feature is disabled.

•When a measured value is 9 counts or less, it is corrected to 0 (MODEL2002R).

6-2 Voltage Measurement



- 6 2 1 DC Voltage Measurement
 - ①Set the function selector switch to the " _____ V" position.
 - (2)Slide the terminal cover to the left. Plug the red test lead into the V/ Ω terminal and the black test lead into the COM terminal.
 - ③Connect the other end of the test leads to the circuit under test. Take the reading on the display. When the red lead is the negative potential, the "--" sign is shown on the display.

6-2-2 AC Voltage Measurement

- (1)Set the function selector switch to the " \sim V" position.
- (2)Slide the terminal cover to the left. Plug the red test lead into the V/ Ω terminal and the black test lead into the COM terminal.
- ③Connect the other end of the test leads to the circuit under test. Take the reading on the display.

NOTE

• For high sensitivity, there are parts which do not indicate "0".

6 – 3 Resistance Measurement

- Before attempting to make measurement, make sure that the circuit under test is not live. The instrument is protected against a voltage up to 600V.
- Do not make measurement with the battery compartment cover removed.



- 6 3 1 Resistance Measurement (Normal Mode)
 - ①Set the function selector switch to the " Ω/\cdot " position.
 - (2)Slide the terminal cover to the left. Plug the red test lead into the V/ Ω terminal and the black test lead into the COM terminal.
 - ③Short the tip of the test leads and check whether the display reads "0".
 - ④Connect the tip of the test leads to the circuit under test. Take the reading on the display.

NOTE

- When shorting the tip of the test leads, the display may read a very small resistance instead of "0." This is the resistance of the test leads, not a fault.
- If one of the test leads is open, the display reads "OL".

6-3-2 Continuity Check

- ①Set the function selector switch to the " Ω/\cdot " position.
- (2)Slide the terminal cover to the left. Plug the red test lead into the V/ Ω terminal and the black test lead into the COM terminal.
- ③Press the mode switch to set the instrument to the continuity check mode. The measuring range is fixed to $400 \,\Omega$ and the "··»)" symbol is shown on the display.
- ④Short the tip of the test leads and make sure that the display reads "0" and the buzzer beeps.
- (5)Connect the tip of the test leads to the circuit under test. The display reads the resistance and the buzzer beeps when the reading is not more than about 50Ω .

NOTE

When shorting the tip of the test leads, the display may read a very small resistance instead of "0". This is the resistance of the test leads, not a fault.

If one of the test leads is open, the display reads "OL".

7. Notes on Functions

7-1 Data Hold

This is a function used to freeze the measured value on the display.

- ①Press the data hold switch. The reading becomes frozen and the "H" symbol is shown on the display, indicating the instrument in the data hold mode.
- O To exit the data hold mode, press the data hold switch again to release it.

NOTE

- When the function selector switch is turned while the instrument is in the data hold mode, the data hold function remains activated. To make measurement in this case, release the data hold switch by pressing it and exit the data hold mode.
- The data hold function is disabled in the peak measurement mode on the AC current range.
- When the sleep function is activated, the data hold mode turns to the normal mode.

7 – 2 Sleep Function

This is a function to prevent the instrument from being left powered on in order to conserve battery life.

- ①The instrument automatically enters the sleep (powered-down) mode about 10 minutes after the last switch operation.
- ②To exit the sleep mode, press the data hold, reset or mode switch or turn the function selector switch back to "OFF", then to any other position.

[How to Exit the Sleep Mode]

①Turn the function selector switch from "OFF" to another position with the data hold switch pressed. Then, "P.OFF" is shown on the display. This disables the sleep function and enables continuous use of the instrument. (2)To enable the sleep function, turn the function selector switch back to "OFF", then to any other position.

NOTE

The instrument consumes small amount of current in the sleep mode. When the instrument is not in use, make sure to set the function selector switch to "OFF".

7 – 3 Recorder Output

Only on the "~400A" or "~2000A" range, DC voltage proportional to the input current is output from the OUTPUT terminal.

- TSet the function selector switch to the "~400A" or "~2000A" position.
- ②Slide the terminal cover to the right and insert the recorder output plug into the OUTPUT terminal for connection with a recorder or other recording device.



NOTE

- Output voltage is 1mV/A on the "~400A" range and 0.1mV/A on the "~2000A" range. Set an appropriate input sensitivity on the recorder.
- The peak hold function does not apply to the recorder output even if the instrument is in the peak hold mode.
- For long term measurement, disable the sleep function. (See section 7-2 for sleep function.)

[How to attach a pair of leads to the recorder output plug]



Attach one end of the leads to the recorder output plug observing correct polarity, then connect the other end to the recorder.

Never apply voltage to the output terminal.

7 – 4 Mode Switching Function

On a AC current ("~400A" or "~2000A") or the resistance(Ω / \cdot) range, press the mode switch to cycle through the measurement modes. The instrument is initially set to the normal mode and can be switched to the peak or continuity check mode by means of the mode switch. (See section 6-1-2 for peak current measurement and section 6-3-2 for continuity check.)

≪AC Current Range(400A or 2000A)≫



≪Resistance Range≫



8. Battery Replacement

To avoid electric shock hazard, make sure to set the function selector switch to "OFF" and remove the test leads from the instrument before trying to replace batteries.

Do not mix new and old batteries.

 Make sure to install batteries in correct polarity as indicated in the battery compartment.

NOTE

- If the instrument is powered on, but the display blanks or "BATT" is shown on the display, replace the batteries.
- ①Set the function selector switch to the "OFF" position.
- ②Unscrew and remove the battery compartment cover on the bottom of the instrument.
- ③Replace the batteries observing correct polarity. Use two new R6P batteries.
- (4) Replace and screw the battery compartment cover.



9. Optional Accessories

- Multi-Tran MODEL 8008 extends the capability of MODEL 2002PA or MODEL 2002R, allowing measurement up to 3000A or on a large bus-bar or conductor.
 - (1)Set the function selector switch to " \sim 400A".
 - ②As shown in the figure below, clamp MODEL 2002PA or MODEL 2002R onto the pickup coil of MODEL 8008.
 - ③Clamp MODEL 8008 onto the bus-bar or conductor under test.
 - Take the reading on MODEL 2002PA or MODEL 2002R and multiply it by 10.



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